CARNRICK'S
SOLUBLE FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all Infants and Children.
THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of Cow's Milk.
CARNRICK & Co., LIMITED, LONDON.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,410 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, APRIL 20, 1891.

BEST CLARETS.
As supplied to over 100 Messes and Clubs, &c.
Qts. pts. Qts. pts.
15-9 8-6 | Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc | 15-9 8-6
11-6 6-6 | | 11-6 6-6
25-0 13-6 | Dinner—La Rose and St. Julien | 25-0 13-6
23-0 12-0 | | 23-0 12-0
37-6 19-12 After Dinner—Chateau Lafite 37-6 19-12
For Prices of Whiskies, Ports, Liqueurs, &c., send for our Detailed List.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday. 1891.
P.L. ORIENTAL	5043	1029	E. Stewart	25th Apr.
† SIAM	3041	500	W. J. Nantes	2nd May.
P.L. PENINSULAR	5045	1029	A. C. Loggin	9th "
† MALWA	2970	600	C. F. Preston	16th "
P.L. CLYDE	5126	800	J. L. Parfitt	23rd "
				Friday.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weighell	29th May.
P.L. BOKHARA	3955	500	W. J. Nantes	6th June.
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	12th "
P.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	19th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	26th "
P.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	3rd July
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	10th "
P.L. ORIENTAL	5043	1029	E. Stewart	17th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	24th "
P.L. PESHAWUR	3927	600	W. A. Wheler	31st "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	7th Aug.
P.L. PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	14th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	21st "
P.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	28th "

The steamers marked P. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bundar at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board and only hand packages will be received.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	About
RAVENNA	3932	700	E. Crewe	22nd Apr.
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	7th May.
PESHAWUR	3927	600	W. A. Wheler	21st "
PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	4th June.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	18th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 17th April, 1891.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and vice versa at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 310, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Hand-books.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other First Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	20th April, 1891.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th May, 1891.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st June, 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 160, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGK

Steamer	To sail
BISAGNO	On the 7th Ma

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, April 8, 1891.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Kegger	4,000	750	1st May '91.
IMPERATOR	C. Beehtinger	4,000	750	1st June '91.
AMPHITRITE (Extra)	B. Vidos	4,200	600	about 10th June '91.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	3,000	550	18th May '91.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Gedda, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
THISBE	G. Costanzo	3,000	650	24th April '91

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay
15th April, 1891.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 10th May 1891, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

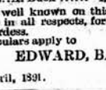
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway fare from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.



BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ASTON HALL	S. Fowler	3,000	600	4th May, '91.

This Steamer has good accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate Rates, but carry no Surgeon and Stewardess.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
WERNETH HALL	A. Buck	4,100	500	25th May.

This Steamer is well known on this Line as being most comfortably fitted, in all respects, for Passengers, and has Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further Particulars apply to

EDWARD, BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd April, 1891.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission.* Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a trip to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. Grindlay's Hand Book "for Travellers may also be had.

Bankers, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.

PASSAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, and PRIVATE PARTIES.

Inland Up-Country Forms and PRIVATE introductions cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Bill of Lading should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY GROOM & Co., Bombay.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE EVERY SATURDAY SUMMARY will in future be PUBLISHED INSTEAD OF DAILY MORNING in consequence of the alterations

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,132 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 22nd April, and the

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,132 tons, at noon, on 25th April, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,495 tons, at 11 a.m., on the 28th April, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Bussrah.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 2,977 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 23rd April at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 19th April, 1891. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on easy terms. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING HAMILTON & Co., KING, BAILLIE & Co.,
CALCUTTA. LIVERPOOL.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

BOMBAY TO ANTWERP.

SAILING 29TH APRIL, 1891.

THE Splendid Steam-Ship "CALABRIA," 3,221 Tons Register, Captain J. Kennedy, owned by the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company, Limited, has most comfortable accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at very moderate rates, she carries a Doctor.

She will LEAVE for ANTWERP on 29th April, 1891.

Apply to

MESSRS. EDWARD, BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 16th April, 1891.

ANCHOR LINE.

Vessels.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail
M.L. ASIA	Jas. Laird	3360	25th April.
M. BRITANNIA	Jas. Brown	3063	15th May.
L. ARMENIA	Jos. Esau	3395	30th "

Steamer marked L. proceeds to Liverpool direct.
Steamer marked M. to Marseilles only.

Steamers marked M.L. go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both Ports.

Passengers by the Marseilles steamer can book through to London overland from Marseilles.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.

All the State Rooms are on the Upper Deck.

For further Particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 16th April, 1891.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

Steamer.	Tons.	Commander.	On or about
CLAN DRUMMOND	2950	N. Harrison	10th May.

BOMBAY TO DUNKIRK DIRECT.

Steamer.	Tons.	Commander.	On or about
CLAN GRAHAM	2910	E. Worfolk	29th May.

THESE STEAMERS are fitted with every requisite for the comfort of Passengers. The Saloon and Cabins are all on the Upper Deck. Qualified Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

For rates of Passage, Cabin Plans, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 13th April, 1891.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention given to the selection of berths.

FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing berths according to individual requirements.

THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe, allowing breaks of journey anywhere *en route.*

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at Plymouth, London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

ONWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels in all parts of the World.

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES for Military, Civil, and Naval Service Officers to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received, warehoused, and forwarded.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued of the value of £20, £10, and £5, which are cashed by any of our Agents and Banking Correspondents in all parts of the World.

LETTERS OF CREDIT for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World issued.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on our Branch Offices.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at favourable rates.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received, available at any time for remittance to England. Rate of interest on application.

INTEREST, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS OR REMITTANCES made expeditiously at best rate of Exchange *without charge for Commission*, and payable at our offices in any part of the World.

INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued. Insurance of Passengers' Baggage effected on moderate terms.

Handbook of information free on application.

BOMBAY : 13, Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA : Old Court House Street.

ASHU'S POWDER

Perfectly cures the habit of Drinking Spirits and Wines, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, &c., by use as per instructions on Label.

Rs. 3-8 Per Phial.

A. T. MOOKERJEE.
Baruagore, *via* Calcutta.

THE GREAT ORIENTAL MEDICAMENTUM.

DR. G. B. SHAW'S

SAMARITAN DROPS

Rouses and developes the nervous Energies, Strengthens and Regulates the Bladder, Kidneys, Lungs and Liver, and is highly recommended and prized as a Sovereign Remedy for the following Maladies :—

Asthma, Cough, Dropsy, Worms, Gravel, Chronic Fevers, Liver Complaint, Palpitation of the Heart, Giddiness, Nervousness, Headache, Internal Sores, Phosphatic Deposits, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Fluor-Albus, Catarrh.

By external application Dr. G. B. Shaw's SAMARITAN DROPS is considered invaluable for :—

Burns, Ulcers, Malignant Sores, Ringworms, Paralysis, Leprosy, Rheumatism, Gout, Syphilitic Sores, and bad Skin Diseases.

Full directions for use accompany every Bottle. Sold at Rs. 1, Rs. 2, Rs. 3-8, Rs. 8-4, and Rs. 10 Per Phial.

Packing As. 4 extra.

WANTED AGENTS.

A. T. MOOKERJEE,
Proprietor.
Baruagore, Sealdah, Calcutta, E. India.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

		Bottles. Rs. a.	Half-bots. Rs. a.
HERMITAGE	per doz.	21 0	11 8
HOCK (Goulbourn)	"	17 0	9 8
HOCK (Riesling)	"	19 0	10 8

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

A BEVERAGE

FOR THE HOT WEATHER.
SODA AND MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE.

	Rs. a.
Lime Juice, per quart	1 14
Do. pints	1 0
Lime Cordial, pints	1 0

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
CHEMISTS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CAKES

(HUNTLEY AND PALMER'S).

Almond Plain	2 lbs. each	Rs.	2 4
Almond Iced	2 lbs.	"	2 8
Banquet	2½ lbs.	"	4 8
Chatsworth	2 lbs.	"	2 4.
Crystal (Currant)	1 lb.	"	1 4
Fruit	2 lbs.	"	2 4
Genoa	2 lbs.	"	2 8
Oxford (Rich)	2½ lbs.	"	2 12

KEMP & CO., LD.,
CUMBALLA HILL AND BYCULLA.

ASPARAGUS.

Finest French, Selected	Per tin	Rs.	1 0
Do. do. do. large	"	"	1 8
German, Charlotte Graenu's	"	"	2 12
Californian (Gordon and Dilworth's)	"	"	1 12

KEMP AND CO., LD.,
CUMBALLA HILL AND BYCULLA.

IMPORTANT

TO

HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS & TRAVELLERS.

"A GOOD NOVEL on the ROAD is the SHORTEST CUT."

A LARGE STOCK of
CHEAP YELLOW-BACK NOVELS
BY POPULAR AUTHORS to SELECT from
D. B. TARAPOREVALA, SONS & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
HORMUSJI SORABJI & Co.,
26, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GENT'S WHITE KID GLOVES.

TWO BUTTONS,
Rs. 1-12 per pair.

HOAR & CO., GLOVERS, HOSIERS. BOMBAY.

SUPERIOR GENT'S FELT HATS,

Rs. 8-6. Rs. 9-4.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE LATEST SHAPES.

THE LARGEST CHOICE.

HOAR & CO., HATTERS, &c., BOMBAY.

OUR Cheapest WHISKY "BEN-TOR."

Rs. 18 Per Doz.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
BOMBAY.

FLETCHER'S DISINFECTANTS.

CHEAP, Safe and Effective Disinfectants for household, farm and general use. Authorized by Her Majesty's Board of Trade. Manufactured by FLETCHER BROS. and Co., Grimsby, Contractors to H M's Govt.

PINO-PHENOL PURIFIER.
12 and 20 oz. bottles at as. 12 and Re. 1 per bottle.
1 and 2 Gallon Tins at Rs. 4 and Rs. 3-12 per gallon.
PINO-PHENOL POWDER, in Kegs of 1 cwt. at Rs. 8-8 each.
15 per cent. CARBOLIC POWDER, in Kegs of 1 cwt. at Rs. 9 each.
Special Terms to Traders, Hospitals, and Municipalities.

R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT.

IMPORTANT.

THE following Second-hand PIANOS have been put in thorough Repair, and are for Sale at the PIANOFORTE SALOON of the Undersigned :—

Yacht Piano, 5 Octaves	Rs. 180
Rubinstein's Bijoux Cottage, full Compass	" 220
Herbert's Square Black Polished	" 390
Broadwood and Son's Grand, Black Polished	" 400
Schiedmayer and Sohne's Solid Iron-framed Square	" 410
Marcks & Co.'s Solid Cottage	" 420

The above may be paid for by Instalments. Apply

MARCKS & Co., Limited,
PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
1, ASH LANE, BOMBAY, OR AT POONA.

TO RAILWAY COMPANIES, CONTRACTORS, ENGINEERS, &c.

APPROACHING COMPLETION, TANSA WATER WORKS.

DYNAMITE.

CONTRACTORS having a Surplus Stock of the best English Quality are prepared to dispose of it immediately at low rates.

For Prices and Particulars address

WALSH, LOVETT & Co.,
18, Esplanade Road, Bombay,
Who will have also for disposal
BRIDGE ERECTING PLANT.

5-TON LIFTING CRANES
STEAM & OTHER WINCHES
PULLEY BLOCKS
DIVING APPARATUS
DREDGERS
PILE DRIVERS

IRON CENTRES FOR ARCHING 7, 10, 20, 30 ft. SPANS.
TUNNEL PLANT.
Cornish, Vertical, Multitubular, Roots Boilers.
Horizontal Engines, with Air Compressors.
Complete sets of Rock Drilling Machines.
Steam and other Pumps.
Wrought Iron Pipes, Lathes, &c.
Small Tunnel Waggons.

TRAMWAY PLANT.
Locomotives (Hunslet Engine Co.) 2 ft. 6 in. gauge.
Waggons, Trollies, &c.
Steel Rails, 16lbs.
Teakwood Sleepers.

PRICE CURRENT—Published once a week. Contains shipping arrivals, departures, imports, and other commercial news. Subscription—Rs. 3 per annum.

POMEROY & GRENOS CHAMPAGNE,

EXTRA SEC.

	Cash.	Credit
Bottles.....Per dozen	Rs. 75	Rs. 84
Half Bottles ..... " "	" 39	" 43

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SCOTCH ALE

(JEFFREY'S).

THIS is a genuine Beer of excellent quality, and guaranteed to keep well. Suitable for Mess or Canteen use.

Rs. 49.....per Hogshead.
Rs. 47.....per Hogshead for 5 Hogsheads.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
IMPORTERS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, SHIP AND MILL-WRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description, Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Castings, Road Rollers, &c. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter. Cutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have lately added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, and greatly extended our Foundry.

We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.

TRADE MARK.

A GREAT WANT SUPPLIED!

VALVOLINE

THE ONLY BEST EVER OFFERED LUBRICANT!

Sole Agents for Messrs. Leonard & Ellis' Celebrated Valvoline Oils for Cylinders and Machinery.

For Downie's "Eucalyptus," Boiler Fluid, for preventing and removing Scale in Boilers.

" Messrs. Wormald & Co.'s Fibrous Non-conducting Composition for covering Steam Boilers and Pipes.

" The Climax Motor, for Baird's Sight-feed Lubricators.

Also Plate, Bar, and Angle Iron of the largest sections. Diamond, Silver and other Steel, and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.

For Sale—Galloways and Cochrane's Boilers, Shank's Engines, Contractors' Pumps and all boiler fittings, pipes, cocks, &c.

WORKS AND OFFICES, DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON; AND BRANCH FACTORY, CARNAC IRON WORKS, NEAR CARNAC BRIDGE.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN, & HEPWORTH,
SECRETARIES AND MANAGERS.

SHIRTS FOR DRESS, SHIRTS.

QUALITY C, HALF DOZEN	Rs. 21.	CASH OR V.P.P.
QUALITY D, HALF DOZEN	Rs. 18.	

EXTRA FINE LINEN FRONTS AND CUFFS.

FIT, COMFORT, AND SUPERIOR MANUFACTURE.
SELF-MEASUREMENT FORMS POST FREE.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

THORPE AND CO.

WHITE SHIRTS, COLOURED SHIRTS.

A CHOICE VARIETY.

		Rs.	a.
OXFORD CLOTH (Anderson's) Very Soft, Fast Colors	½ doz.	30	0
PRINTED CAMBRIC Best French	"	27	0
BEST WHITE For Day Wear	"	25	0
BEST WHITE Colars Attached	"	27	0
WHITE DRESS SHIRTS To Order	"	30	0
WHITE SAXONY FLANNEL For Tennis	each	8	8
COLORED FLANNEL All Neat Patts	"	8	8
TROPICAL FLANNEL Very Cool	"	7	8
FANCY SILK AND WOOL Beautifully Soft	"	8	8

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO CUTTING, FIT GUARANTEED.

THORPE AND CO.

SHIRT-MAKERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

DR. J COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache or relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the misery, sobbings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

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CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer Toothache, Neuralgia, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly steemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their consumption there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances and incidences of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Cholera, Diarrhœa, and even in the most terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have found it to possess the surprisingly restorative power. We have never used any other form of that medicine than Dr. J. Collis Browne's, and we feel that it is decidedly the best. And therefore from sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of [illegible] for Dr. Collis Browne's is a DELIBERATE BREACH OF TRUST, on the part of the Chemist so PALMED OFF. We are, Sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co." Members of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, [illegible] Vicroy's Chemists."

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir [illegible] Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the Defendant Freeman was deliberately guilty of perjury, and that the Defendant Freeman was not the Inventor. Verdict for Plaintiff, Dec. 13, 1856.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

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i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

NOTICE.

DAVID WALLACE, DECEASED.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration have been granted to me, the Undersigned, as Attorney for by the Chief Court of the Punjab on the 20th of January 1891, with effect throughout British India, notice is hereby given that all persons having any of the assets of, or being indebted to, or having claims or demands against or upon, the Estate of David Wallace, late Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Central Provinces, who died on the 5th of May 1889, are required to send to me at my residence at Umballa full particulars of such assets, debts, claims or demands on or before the 15th day of May 1891, in order that the same may be examined by me, and all claims and demands, if found correct, will be discharged.

Attested copies of Letters of Administration may be seen at the offices

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

Lessee.....Mr. GEORGE CROFTON.

POSITIVELY THE LAST APPEARANCE IN INDIA OF

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MONDAY, APRIL 20TH.

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Box Plan now open at SOUNDY and Co.

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EVERY EVENING AT 5-30.

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Late D. C. O. 17th Lancers.
Balaclava, Cottage, Jellapahar, Darjeeling.

WANTED

A NATIVE who can DRIVE a Steam Road Roller.

Salary 20 per mensem. Apply with copies of certificates to

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Secretary,
Delhi Municipality.

18th April, 1891.

ESTATE OF MRS. CATHERINE FOX, DECEASED.

ALL persons indebted to or claiming against the above Estate are requested to communicate particulars to Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co., Bombay, with as little delay as possible.

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Blue Broad cloth, 625 yards.
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A FEW REASONS WHY they enjoy a very Wide Popularity :—

They are guaranteed to be made of pure, unmixed Mangalore clay ;

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They are made by trained Europeans, and having undergone various improvements are by far and away the best roofing material, either made or sold in this country ;

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THE BRANCH LINE, comprising the Kolhapur State Railway, between MIRAJ and KOLHAPUR, will be OPENED for PUBLIC TRAFFIC of all kinds on and after 21st April, 1891.

	H. M.		H. M.
Miraj. Dep.....	7 15	Kolhapur, Dep....	16 0
Kolhapur. Arr....	7 35	Miraj. Arr.....	16 17

For further particulars apply to Station Masters, the Assistant Traffic Manager, Poona, or the undersigned.

WM. STEUART,
Acting Traffic Manager.
Traffic Manager's Office, Dharwar, 16th April, 1891.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY. ASHES FOR SALE.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, Tenders for the Purchase of any Number, not less than 12 LOTS OF ASHES, now lying in the Locomotive Works Yard, at Parel, and at Byculla Depot, where the same may be viewed on application.

All lots purchased to be removed within one month from date of acceptance of Tender.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's Form (to be obtained from the undersigned) and accompanied separately by a Deposit of Rs. 250 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender, and before delivery is given.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 18th April, 1891.

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EACH BOX GIVES TWENTY-FOUR QUIET NIGHTS' REST.

A Cone burnt in the Room a few minutes before going to Bed will drive away and stupefy all kinds of MOSQUITOES, FLIES, BEETLES, and other annoying INSECTS.

Southall's MOSQUITO CONES, being composed entirely of harmless aromatic plants, give off an agreeable odour, which even the most delicate persons can tolerate.

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A BRAND new English-made Cance LANDAU, and a Brand New English-made Stylish Victoria, both by Watson of Lowestoft, and suitable for one or pair of horses.

A Brand New Cee and Under-Spring English-built Light and Stylish Victoria, by Lewis Fulker, of Salisbury.

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Also best real Mocca Coffee in bags of 7lbs. each.

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COLUMBIA SKATING RINK.
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THE MOST WONDERFUL AND DARING FEAT Ever performed or attempted on Wheels during the History of Roller Skating.

INTRODUCED AT THE PARIS EXHIBITION
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and on one occasion was witnessed by
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And created the Greatest Sensation
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The Slide has been specially erected and constructed and is the longest ever erected for this purpose.

LENGTH, 180 FT.; HEIGHT, 39 FT.; WIDTH, 20 IN.

The Terrific Speed attained in the Daring Descent is about 2½ miles a minute.

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PROFESSOR WYMAN MAKES HIS
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OVER TEN ORDINARY CHAIRS.
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DON'T FAIL TO SEE THIS WONDERFUL FEAT.

Admission .....Re. 1 | Reserved Chairs.....Rs. 2
SECURE YOUR SEATS EARLY AND AVOID THE CRUSH.
Doors open at 8-15 p.m.

BYCULLA CLUB.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Club will be held at the Club House on TUESDAY, the 5th day of May next, at 5 p.m., to sanction an arrangement provisionally made by the Committee with the Municipal Commissioner for giving up to the Municipality certain portions of the West and North sides of the Club compound for the construction of public roads. A plan showing the proposed roads is open to inspection at the Club and particulars of the arrangement can be obtained from the Honorary Secretary.

And also to consider a proposition from the Honorary Secretary of the Breach Candy Swimming Bath respecting a monthly donation to be given towards the maintenance of the Bath by the Byculla Club.

By order of the Committee,
W. WEBB,
Honorary Secretary.

19th April, 1891.

GOLD MEDALS, &c.,
AWARDED TO
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1890 Edinburgh Exhibition ..	Diploma of Honour for Safe Deposit.
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1889 Paris Exhibition	Gold Medal for Locks &Safes.
1889 Paris Exhibition	Silver Medal for Ornamental Keys and Locks.
1889 Paris Exhibition	Bronze Medal for Electric Alarm for Safes.
1889 Paris Exhibition	Bronze Medal : Ship Locks, Exit Doors, &c.
1889 Melbourne Exhibition ..	Gold Medal for Safes and Doors.
1889 Melbourne Exhibition ..	Gold Medal (only one given) for Locks.
1889 Melbourne Exhibition ..	Gold Medal for Excellence.
1888 Brussels Exhibition	Diploma of Honour for Safes.
1888 Brussels Exhibition	Diploma of Honour for Locks.
1888 Brussels Exhibition	Gold Medal for Panic Door Lock.
1888 Brussels Exhibition	Gold Medal for Ship Locks.
1888 Brussels Exhibition	Gold Medal for Ornamental Locks and Keys.
1887 Newcastle Exhibition..	Gold Medal for Construction of Safes and Locks.
1887 Newcastle Exhibition..	Gold Medal for Panic Door Locks.
1887 Newcastle Exhibition..	Silver Medal for Cheap House Locks.
1887 Newcastle Exhibition..	Silver Medal for Chronometer Attachments.
1887 Saltaire Exhibition	First for Safes and Locks.
1887 Adelaide Exhibition ..	First Order of Merit for Strong Room Doors.
1887 Adelaide Exhibition....	First Order of Merit for Safes.
1887 Adelaide Exhibition....	First Order of Merit for Locks.
1887 Manchester Exhibition.	Special Diploma.
1886 Liverpool Exhibition ...	Gold Medal for Safes.
1886 Liverpool Exhibition ...	Gold Medal for Locks.
1886 Liverpool Exhibition ...	Silver Medal for Time Locks.
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1886 Col & Indian Exhibition	Special Diploma with Medal.
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1885 Inventions Exhibition..	Only Gold Medal for English Locks.
1885 Inventions Exhibition..	Special Gold Medal.
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1883 Amsterdam Exhibition.	Only Diplomas for Gold Medal. for English Safes and Locks
1883 InternationalExhibition	Especial Diploma.
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1878 Paris Exhibition.....	One SilverMedal for Safes, &c.
1878 Paris Exhibition.....	Bronze Medal for Ornamental Locks.
1878 Paris Exhibition.....	Bronze Medal for Metal Works.
1878 Paris Exhibition	Hon. Mention for Gold and Silver Keys.
1876 Brussels Exhibition....	First Award for Fire-Resisting Safes.
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BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1891.

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THE SERVICES of a 6 years' Mercantile experience Man in Seed and Wheat is OPEN to an ENGAGEMENT. Highest references. "V." care of this Office.

MEMBERS of the UNITED AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB are informed that there will be NO PRACTICE TO-NIGHT, but will take place TO-MORROW.

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ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
COLIGNY FRERES	Rheims.
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GABRIEL ST. MARC	Cognac.
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SKIN DISEASES. THIS VALUABLE OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L.
SKIN DISEASES. ROBERTS, M. D.) is confidently
SKIN DISEASES. recommended as an unfailing
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FOR THE BLOOD AND SKIN.

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SKIN DISEASES. the neck ; they are very effectua
SKIN DISEASES. in the cure of that form of skin
SKIN DISEASES. disease which shows itself in
SKIN DISEASES. painful cracks in the skin of the
SKIN DISEASES. hands and in all scaly diseases.
SKIN DISEASES. They may be taken at all times
SKIN DISEASES. without confinement or change of diet.
SKIN DISEASES. Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors, Bridport, England.

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Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.

Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.

MR. SPENCE, for convenience of residents in India, and avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices :—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
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MASTIFFS	£20 "
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BULL DOGS	£20 "
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LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS.
THE ONLY FORMS
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THE PILLS PREPARED BY THE ORIGINAL MAKERS,
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Which have been CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS with great success for the last TWENTY YEARS.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS ills, which cost the dealer only one-fourth the Price of KIRBY'S, are CONSTANTLY PALMED OFF AS GENUINE. Buy in ORIGINAL BOTTLES ONLY and see that Each bottle carries OUR TRADE MARK.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says : "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion ; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application. It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Second Criminal Sessions, 11 a.m.
New Great Eastern S. and W. Co., Chinchpoogly, 2 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
University Senate Meeting, 5-15 p.m.
Prize Distribution, Gouldas Tejpal Girls' Schools, Waudby Road, 5 p.m.
Mrs. Potter and Mr. Bellew, Novelty Theatre, 9 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 17th :—Kt. Templar (s), from Cardiff; Melpomene (s), Hongkong; and Bedouin (s), Port Said. On the 18th :—Chindwara (s), from Calcutta; Sculptor (s), Jeddah; Kapurthala (s), Karachi; Chitagong (s), Cardiff; and Purulia (s), Persian Gulf. Yesterday :—Peninsular (s), from London; Imperatrix (s), Trieste; and Tripoli (s), Aden.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 18th :—Aska (s), for Karachi, &c.; Swordsman (s), Zanzibar; Nowadda (s), and Loodiana (s), Calcutta, &c.; Drachenfels (s), Hamburg, &c.; Oberon (s), Hull; Charters Tower (s), Amsterdam; Assam (s), Aden; and Russian Yacht Tamara, Suez. Yesterday :—Nawab (s), for Calcutta, &c.; and Simla (s), Persian Gulf.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Roma entered and the s. s. Lady Palmer left the dock on Friday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Kt. Companion and Bedouin entered the dock on Friday, and the s. s. Chittagong on Saturday.

I. M. RAILWAY.—The traffic return for the week ending 11th April, 1891, shows an aggregate increase of Rs. 1,90,540, in receipts.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.—Gentlemen of the Special and Common Jury are required to attend at the High Court to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, at 10 o'clock.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The String Band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles will play at the Yacht Club, at and after dinner on Saturday next, the 25th instant.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 28th March, 1891, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1890, of 66,704 maunds and Rs. 12,950 in the earnings.

THE FOURTH PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE.—In accordance with a resolution of the last year's Provincial Conference, it is proposed to hold the fourth session of the Bombay Provincial Conference in Poona next month. The sittings will formally commence on the 10th May, 1891.

FIRE AT THE SCOTT PRESS.—The Scott Company's Press at Victoria Bunder, Lower Colaba, was the scene of another fire on Friday afternoon. The flames were promptly extinguished, the damage being estimated at about Rs. 200. The origin of the fire is attributed to friction caused by a stone passing through the machinery.

"KANGAS' HINTS ON THE STUDY OF PERSIAN."—Messrs. J. B. and P. K. Kangas have revised and reissued their useful little manual on the study of Persian. Both gentlemen are eminently qualified for the difficult work they have undertaken, and they have compiled a work that should be to the students of this language what Forbes is to the students of Hindustani.

THE PLEADERS' EXAMINATION.—The following is the result of the District Pleaders' Examination. Out of 351 candidates 9 passed :—Messrs. R. N. Nagmir, V. R. Kolatkar, G. H. Jog, D. R. Kuber, R. A. Kulkarni, M. S. Pusulkar, N. K. Lele, and R. V. Marathe. The examiners were :—The Hon. Mr. J. Candy, Messrs. E. B. Raikes, R. D. Sethna, S. Govindram, C. H. Setalwad, M. B. Choubal, and R. K. Desai.

BOMBAY SWIMMING CLUB.—Mr. A. R. Sharp was, on Saturday afternoon, adjudged to have won the Challenge Cup, presented to the Bombay Swimming Club by Mr. J. P. Watson. The polo match, which came off the same afternoon being won by Messrs. Traylen, Gymer, Graham, Sharp, and Bapty, who after an exciting game beat their opponents Messrs. Pillow, Hyde, Beckerleg, Claridge, and Derry, by three goals to two.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the Marine Battalion will play the following programme at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this afternoon, at 5-45 o'clock :—

March	Excelsior
Overture	Le Concert
Le Cour	Auber.
Aria	Torquato Tasso
Donizetti.	
Valse	La Plus Belle
Waldteufel.	
Selection	Faust up to date
Lutz.	
Polka	Trio Trac
Waldteufel.	

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN A MILL.—An inquest was held on Saturday last, by Dr. Thomas Blaney, the Coroner, touching the death of Govind Mania, a labourer, in the Alexandra Mill. On Thursday last, he was sweeping under a throstle when his broom was caught in the rollers, and in endeavouring to release it he put his head in and was immediately caught between the roller. The machine was stopped and the unfortunate man was removed from the rollers. His head was cut and his face bruised, and he was unconscious. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died on Friday last. The jury returned a verdict of "accidental death."

ANNUAL SOCIAL GATHERING OF ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE.—At the annual social gathering of the Students of the St. Xavier's College the students invited Mrs. Brown Potter and Mr. Bellew on Saturday evening to the villa of Sir Manockjee Petit, at Matunga, where a Shakespearian recital was given to the scholars. The hall, which was artistically decorated with evergreens and bunting for the occasion, was well filled with students. Mrs. Potter and Mr. Bellew were heartily received. The programme was somewhat similar to that given before the Elphinstonian students, being recitals and scenes from Hamlet and Macbeth. At the conclusion the guests partook of refreshments, and drove off at a late hour amidst lusty cheers.

BURGLARY AT A THEATRE.—At the instance of Inspector Nelmes, Syed Abdool Syed Fakeer, an embroiderer, was on Saturday, charged before Mr. Hamilton, the Second Presidency Magistrate, with stealing sundry embroidered articles and a pair of boots, valued at Rs. 2, the property of Lashamon Khodabux, a servant employed at a Mahomedan theatre, at Grant Road. On Saturday morning it was found that the theatre had been broken open, and a box containing the articles mentioned abstracted. Accused, was in the habit of sleeping in the compound of the theatre, and a report of the theft was made to Inspector Nelmes, who arrested the accused with the property in his possession. Prisoner was sentenced to two months' hard labour.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES TO THE ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM SCHOOL-BOYS.—On Friday, the 17th instant, the members and supporters of the Anjuman-i-Islam met together at the hall of Mr. Noor Mahomed Jairadhai Peerbhoy, at Khoja Moholla, at 3 o'clock, for the purpose of presenting prizes to the successful students of the Institute, Mr. Ibrahim Kurrimbhoy, the vice-president, occupied the chair, and called upon the Assistant Secretary to read the annual report. The boys recited select passages from the Koran, in Persian, Urdu, Gujerati, and English, which were admirably rendered and elicited loud applause. The chairman then distributed the prizes and the meeting dispersed with voices of thanks to the chairman, and to Mr. Noor Mahomed Jairadhoy Peerbhoy for allowing the use of the hall.

FINED FOR CARRYING AN EXCESS OF PASSENGERS.—Superintendent Page, of the Water Police, prosecuted Shaik Adam Shaik Ali, a Mahomedan boatman, on Saturday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. C. G. Cooper, on a charge of carrying forty-four passengers in his boat on the same morning in excess of the specified number which was thirty-one in fair weather and twenty-four during the monsoons. At about half-past six on Saturday morning the prosecuting officer said he saw the prisoner's boat over-laden with passengers as it came alongside the s. s. Nerbudda which happened to be lying in the stream alongside the police hulk, and he counted seventy-five passengers as they walked up in single file. The Bench inflicted a fine of Rs. 20.

PRESENTATION TO A PUNDIT.—A large party of friends and admirers of Vaidya Bhasker Pundit Lalchundra, M. R. A. S. (London), *guru* to his Highness the Maharaja Kesrisingjee, Commander-in-Chief, and brother to H. H. the Maharaja of Jodhpur, G.C.S.I., assembled on Saturday evening, at the house of Mr. Harichund Narayenjee Teolsee, at Shamset Street, when the latter gentleman presented the pundit with a gold ring, set with a valuable diamond, a rich Cashmir shawl, a *mandil*, and a silver goblet filled with rupees as a token of appreciation of his Sanscrit poem, entitled the "Jubilee Pramodika," composed in honour of her Majesty's Jubilee. The pundit having suitably acknowledge the gift, his two brothers Messrs. Shivshankerjee and Shanker Laljee, were presented with shawls by Mr. Harkisondass. The pundit is expected to leave Bombay this week for Mahableshwar, where he intends to present a poem written in Sanskrit to his Excellency Lord Harris.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

LAWN-TENNIS HANDICAP.
Third Ties (Singles.)

Levick	+ ½ 30
Oliver	15
Nicholson	— ½ 30
Brookes	scratch.
Doherty	+ 15 + 1 b.
Proctor	scratch.
Chatterton	scratch.
Murdock	+ 2 bisques.

To be played off by Wednesday, April 22.
The following tie in the doubles will be played off in No. 2 Court at 5-15 p.m., to-morrow, the 21st instant.
Hogge... } Murray... } + ½ 15 vs. } + 15 for two bisques.
Brookes... } Forman... }
HONORARY SECRETARY,
Lawn Tennis, Bo. Gymkhana.

THE Khedive has signed a Decree appointing Corbett Bey, his English Secretary, and M. Bernard, a Judge of the Native Court, to be Judges in the Native Court of Appeal. M. Bernard is a Belgian.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer." for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White Hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited, Farringdon-Road London, England.

A GHARRYWALLA AND HIS FARE.

AT the Esplanade Police Courts, on Saturday, Hassam Mahomed, a victoria-driver, appeared to answer the charge of refusing to obey the reasonable order of his fare, preferred against him by Mr. Alfred Seymour, an actor, on the same morning.

The Magistrate : What do you charge the prisoner with ?

Complainant : With refusing to obey reasonable orders. I ordered him to go straight on when he refused.

The Magistrate : What language did you use ?

Mr. Seymour : I said *seeda jao*.

The prisoner in answer to the Court denied the charge and said he asked the *saheb* where he wished to go, when the *saheb log* abused him and struck him with his fist over his left eye. (Laughter.)

Complainant was called to the witness-box and on oath said that he was an actor, residing at present in the Watson's Hotel.

The Magistrate : When did you engage the gharrywalla ?

Witness : At eleven o'clock this morning, outside Watson's Hotel. After driving to several places he went to Messrs. Treacher and Company's for a short while. On leaving there he said to the driver "*seeda jao*," and he came to the conclusion that the man understood he means across the road, but Hassan Mahomed went in the direction of Messrs. Soundy and Company. Witness again told the prisoner to go *seeda* when the latter got up, turned round, and said *mutt bolo*. Whilst standing up the *harrywalla* brandished his whip in his hand. Complainant got on the steps of the conveyance, when the driver jumped down and challenged him in English to fight. After getting over to Messrs. Soundy and Co. witness called for a policeman, and afterwards gave the man in custody.

The Magistrate : Did you think the man really knew what you wanted him to do ?—Complainant I do ; I got up in the *gharry*, but did not strike him nor did I act in an aggressive manner towards him.

The Magistrate : Do you know what the driver said, and do you speak the language and understand it ?—I can understand fragments of it.

The Magistrate : Could you carry on a conversation with the driver ?—Yes. I say when the man said *mutt bolo* to me, he was impertinent, and more so, when he got out of his *gharry* and called me to fight in the presence of a lady.

Miss Stamer was called and said she was with Mr. Seymour when the affair complained of took place, and what he had stated was correct.

Prisoner in answer to the charge said he was not disrespectful in any way to his fare, but told them to go away and leave him alone. Several gharrywallas he added had the honour of knowing this gentleman who had been a source of trouble to many of them.

The Magistrate, in disposing of the case, said he thought there was some misunderstanding on the part of the gharrywalla. The gentleman no doubt spoke to the gharrywalla who appeared not to have understood what he meant. The Magistrate warned and discharged the accused.

The prisoner expressed a desire of taking out a summons against the complainant to obtaining the amount of his fare, but the Magistrate said he could not make any order since the prisoner appeared to have ordered complainant out of his conveyance which he had no right to do. His Worship thought the best course to adopt in such instances was to obtain some one who knew the language and could act as an interpreter.

MEETING OF THE BELLARY PRESS COMPANY.

THE annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bellary Press Company was held at Dalal Street, on Saturday last, at 3 p.m. Mr. Damodar Tapidas occupied the chair, and the following was the report of the directors of the company :—The directors now beg to submit to the shareholders the usual annual report and audited accounts of the company for the year ending 31st December, 1890. As there was no combination of Press Companies as had been hitherto arranged between all the Presses we have to state that owing to this the pressing done at the Bellary Factory was so small that is proved very unremunerative. The factory was entrusted to Messrs. Frazjee and Company of Madras who even with all their exertions were unable to secure better pressing. The suit pending against the company in the Bellary Court was decided on the 29th September, 1890 against the company, and a decree for Rs. 8,933-5-10, with interest, and cost was passed. Under legal advice the intention of appealing against the decision was abandoned, and the claim fully paid up as shown in the profit and loss account. Owing to the untoward circumstances the accounts for this year show no profit. In consultation with the committee of shareholders, appointed at the general meeting, held on the 30th May, 1889, the directors have sold the Adoni Factory for Rs. 10,000, referred to in our previous reports, but they regret that the directors have used every effort to realise the sale of other machinery at a fair value. The offers received hitherto were so low that none could be accepted. This has the constant attention of the directors. The insurance on the Bellary Factory is covered for Rs. 37,500. The directors have to state with deep regret that Mr. Dhunjee Mowjee who had been on the board for the last fifteen years died in May last, and the retirement of Mr. Motiram Bhaghoobhai, after being on the board for the past twelve years, owing to ill-health, is also a matter for regret, as the long and harmonious co-operation of these gentlemen was always a source of benefit and great assistance to the company in the transaction of its business. These vacancies have been filled by the appointments of Mr. Jehanghir Hormusjee in the place of Mr. Dhunjee Mowjee and Mr. Goverdhandass Motiram in room of Mr. Motiram Bhaghoobhai, whose appointments require your confirmation. In conclusion the directors believe that the future prospects are favourable as the joint working of the northern districts is almost arranged.

The report together with the statement of audited accounts were accepted and adopted. Messrs. Jehangir Hormusjee and Goverdhandas Motiram were appointed directors of the company. Mr. Cassidas Munsookram was nominated an auditor on a remuneration of Rs. 40, and Mr. Pallonji Cursetji Setna was appointed an additional director of the company. The usual compliment to the chairman closed the proceedings.

After the business of the meeting, another extraordinary general meeting was held, and the following resolution was passed unanimously :—" That the company may by a special resolution, and in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Companies' Act, 1882, from time to time reduce its capital, whether paid up or unpaid up, and may cancel any lost capital or any capital unrepresented by available assets and may pay off any capital which may be in excess of the wants of the company."

THE PARSEE CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood presided at a sitting of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court, on Saturday, when the case of Rastamjee Hirjeebhoy *vs.* Pirozbai was called on for hearing. The petitioner prayed for a dissolution of marriage on the ground of the adultery of the respondent with some person unknown to him. His lordship was assisted in the trial by the following delegates :—Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., Messrs. Nassarwanjee Manekjee Wadia, Nassarwanjee Byramjee Secretary, Jamsetjee Cursetjee Jamsetjee, Khan Bahadur Byramjee Dadabhoy, Messrs. Cowasji Cursetjee Jamsetjee, Cowasji Merwanjee Shroff, Ardeshir Framjee Moos, Nanabhoy Rastamjee Ranina, Bamanjee Byramjee Patel, and Narayenjee Jamsetjee Antia. Mr. Manekshah appeared for the petitioner ; but there was no appearance for the respondent.

The petition stated that he was lawfully married to the respondent at Surat, on the 31st of January, 1876, according to the rites and ceremonies of the Zoroastrian religion. At the time of the marriage, the petitioner was about twenty-one years of age, and the respondent was about twelve years of age. The petitioner had never, since the marriage, lived with the respondent nor had he intercourse with her. Since the marriage, he had been living separately, and had been giving a monthly allowance for her maintenance, the last payment having been made in the month of November, 1890. On the 4th of January 1890, respondent was delivered of a male child in Bombay. The occurrence was the result of adultery committed by her with some person unknown to him. He said that there was no collusion or connivance between him and the respondent in respect of the subject-matter of the suit. The petitioner, therefore prayed that his marriage with the respondent might be dissolved, and that he may be granted any other relief as he may be found entitled to.

Evidence in the case was adduced, after which his Lordship briefly summed up. The delegates then retired, and returning in a short time, decided the issue in favour of the petitioner. His Lordship accordingly passed a decree *nisi* dissolving the marriage.

THE BOMBAY GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION.

AT a meeting of the above association, Dr. N. N. Katrak presiding, it was decided to recommend the addition of the words "or licentiates" after the ware "graduates" in the section regarding the nominations for Fellowships. It was also resolved to recommended that the word "Senate" should be substituted for "Syndicate" in section XXIV, so that the section should read as follows :—" Except by special order of the Senate no person shall be admitted as a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, Licentiate or Bachelor of Medicine, Doctor of Medicine, or Licentiate or Master of Civil Engineering, or other degree, not being an honorary degree, conferred by the University, unless he shall have produced to the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, a certificate from one or more of the institutions authorized on that behalf by the University, or otherwise satisfy the *Senate*, to the effect that he has completed the course of instruction and has passed the preliminary exhaminations prescribed by the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, of the said University, in the bye-laws to be made by them under the power in that behalf given by this Act."

A LATE despatch from Vienna says :—The Servian Government has promulgated the new Octroi Bill, and has by so doing ignored the remonstrances of the British, German, and Austro-Hungarian Governments. Further, it has given out that it has been constrained to levy the new duties in order to provide for the payment of the interest on the public debt, "most of the scrip of which is in foreign hands." These words seem to convey a veile-l menace that, if the Powers will not sanction the new duties, the Government will be obliged to suspend the payment of its coupons.

THE KAMBEKAR STREET MURDERS.

ON Saturday, at the Criminal Sessions of the High Court, Sir Charles Sargent, Chief Justice, and the same Special Jury resumed the trial of Bachoo Hajee Abdoolla, a young Memon, on a charge of murder by causing the deaths of five persons, in Kambekar Street, on the 22nd January last, by the administration of strychnia in their food ; and a further charge of abetment of murder by inducing Dawood Abajee, a servant, to commit the murder of the five persons, the offence being committed in consequence of such abetment. The Hon. Mr. Latham, Advocate-General, with Mr. Basil Scott, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown ; and Mr. Badroodin, with Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Thakordas, Dharamsi, and Cama, appeared for the defence.

Dr. Barry, recalled and further examined, said that since his previous examinati n he had made experiments to test how strychnine would dissolve in water and also in milk. He found it was similarly soluble in both water and milk. He had experimented with four grains of the poison in each case. He had tasted the mixtures and found a very slightly perceptible bitter taste in either case. In the first instance he had put the strychnine on top of the milk, but finding it lay on the surface, he stirred it up, and after twenty minutes had elapsed, tasted the mixture. From the nature of his experiment, he found that strychnine was not perceptible to the eye, when floating on the surface of the milk. When mixed with curds, the mixture tasted very bitter, but the witness was of opinion that the bitterness of the curds would mask that of the poison. On pouring out the milk from the glass, he found no perceptible sediment remaining.

Cross-examined, Dr. Barry said that, owing to strychnine not being easily soluble, only a small portion of the four grains would, in his opinion, have been dissolved in the twenty minutes during which he allowed the poison to remain in the glass. When tasting the mixture, he did not detect any of the strychnine in his mouth in an undissolved state.

Inspector G. H. Cobb, who, at the time of the deaths, was the acting superintendent of the B division, examined by the Advocate-General, corroborated the statement of Inspector Notan and repeated the evidence he had given before the magistrate relating to the finding of the bodies and the subsequent arrest of Bachoo, and his wife, and Dawood Abbaji, the accomplice. The latter first intimated that he was concerned in the murders on the 3rd February, when he made a statement to the police.

Cross-examined, Inspector Cobb said : I told the magistrate that Bachoo was "cool and collected" throughout the proceedings on the 22nd January. That statement was correct.

Was any statement of Dawood's made to the police reduced to writing ?—Not to my knowledge.

Was not a statement taken down in writing at the chowkey ?—Yes, but I have not got that statement with me. I did not know you had been examining the police officers yesterday, in regard to that statement. I was present in the Courthouse, but did not hear that cross-examination.

When was a pardon first tendered to Dawood ?—On the 16th February.

But that was before the magistrate. Was not a formal pardon granted to him by the police before that date ?—Not to my knowledge.

Do you mean to say that, Mr. Cobb, when you were the officer in charge of the case ?—I was only provisionally in charge of the case. Mr. Little, the Government Solicitor, examined Dawood in Court on the instructions of the Khan Saheb, and had at that time in his hand a written statement of what Dawood was going to state. That statement was taken down before the 16th February, but I do not know where it was taken down.

Do you mean to imply that Dawood made that statement before a pardon was offered to him ?—I say so. I never heard a pardon offered. The Khan Saheb, being my superior officer, was in charge of the case.

The Advocate-General, at this stage, put in the depositions of the prisoner made before the Coroner at the inquest on the body of his father, Haji Abdulla Noor Mahomed, and the statement made by the prisoner before the magistrate.

This closed the case for the prosecution.

Mr. Budroodin, in addressing the jury on behalf of the defence, commenced by pointing out that the learned Chief Justice, in his summing up, would place the whole of the evidence before them. The learned counsel would, therefore, lay before the jury the various points in the case which he thought had been brought forward by the Crown, but which he respectfully contended were so improbable that they could not be accepted as conclusive against in client. He reminded the jury that in all criminal cases the *onus* to prove the guilt of the prisoner always rested on the prosecution, and if therefore, he could show by evidence that the guilt rested on another person, then the jury could not surely bring the charge home to Bachoo, whose motive for committing the offence with which he was charged was said to have been his desire to obtain the valuables in the possession of his father as a means to pay off the debts, which he was alleged by the prosecution to have incurred. The case, as placed before the Court, by the Advocate General, was one of deliberate murder, and it was alleged that, because he was pressed by creditors, he had schemed to make away with his parents and the other deceased persons. The learned counsel then went on to explain the circumstances under which the loans had been obtained from the Marwarree witnesses. These were, he said, negotiated on behalf of Abdul Latiff Balladina, who was a relation of Bachoo's. While pointing out that only two witnesses had been called on this point, he said that even if the motive described for the murder of Haji Abdoolla was correct, which they denied, what possible effect could it have upon the prisoner so as to induce him to take the lives of the other persons in the house ? It had been said that Fatima had been removed because she was likely to be a troublesome witness, but that was improbable, for if such a contention was to be credited, it might be said that Miriam, the other servant, ought to have been also murdered, as she was present when the deceased persons partook of their food. The learned counsel was of opinion that in so far as regarded the motive that could be set on one side as not being in accordance with the facts ; as the accused was not in the impecunious position represented by the prosecution, and, moreover, would not have benefitted to any very great extent by the death of his father, as an elder brother had a first claim on the property. Bachoo was on the best of terms with his father, as was evinced by the latter on his being taken ill on the "pir's" verandah, calling out to his son who was coming to his assistance, to send for Bachoo. The learned counsel contended that it was unlikely if the father thought he had been poisoned by the son, that he should send for the prisoner. In alluding to the advertisement that appeared in the newspapers, counsel said it only showed that Haji Abdoolla was anxious to see his son get on in the world and that he did not wish to interfere with Bachoo's business transactions, adding that in his opinion the Crown had entirely failed to prove that there had ever been any unhappiness or ill-feeling between the father and the son, or the other persons in the house, which might be put forward as a reason for the crime. Reviewing the aspects of the case as put forward by the Crown, counsel called attention to the number of days that had elapsed between the purchase of the poison by Bachoo and its being handed over to the cook ; who had in the most cunning manner and under the most unlikely circumstances, placed the poison in the food of the five deceased. According to his own statement, he ran the gauntlet of those in the upper story of the house, and distributed the poison to Mowladeena and Hallimabai without being detected by any one, although he was not in the habit of going on to the fourth floor of the house. It was another very improbable thing that all the five deceased should have eaten their food, mixing the rice with the milk without any of them detecting the bitter taste of the strychnine, which it was curious to notice had not taken effect for a space of two hours and a half, that is the maximum time allowed for it to act. Coming to the conduct of Dawood, the boy-cook, Mr. Budroodin pointed out how he had been shadowed by the police and kept in a state of semi-custody at the Byculla chowkey, where he had slept in a godown and had been watched by the police from 6 o'clock in the morning. The learned counsel said he had experienced considerable difficulty in obtaining information regarding the exact date on which the pardon was first promised to the cook. Inspector Cobb in particular had neglected to produce any notes in the case, while he appeared to know nothing about the pardon, although he was an active member in the investigation of the circumstances surrounding the deaths. Mr. Badroodin, commenting on the conduct of the police, remarked that they appeared to have been too ready to jump at conclusions in the case and only too willing to believe in the guilt of the accused, who, according to Inspector Cobb's own statement, had remained most cool and collected since the deaths of the five relatives. Having commented on the evidence produced by the Crown in support of Dawood's story, Mr. Badroodin said that that witness and those who had given evidence regarding the sale of the poison had all implicated Bachoo with a view to their own release from the police chowkey. Counsel added that they might just as well have mentioned the name of any one else residing in the house in Kambekar Street, when the jury would have had an equal difficulty in coming to a conclusion on the evidence against a perfectly innocent man. The police directly after receiving Dr. Barry's report came to the conclusion that the deaths were due to strychnine and at once set about to trace out any sale of that drug, and when they found the Pydownie druggist had sold some, they fixed the charge upon the prisoner, relying solely upon the statement of the approver Dawood. Mr. Badroodin, in concluding his address, which occupied over two hours, asked the jury to carefully weigh the evidence which he was about to adduce against that put forward by the Crown.

Dr. K. N. Badhurjee, after reciting his various medical titles, said he had worked experimentally with strychnia and other drugs at Berlin. He had heard the evidence given in this case and had read some. He heard Dr. Barry give his evidence in Court, and Mr. Chowksi likewise. Witness was aware of what Dr. Barry had said in Court that day. Notwithstanding all this, witness was of opinion that the poison administered to the five deceased persons could not have been strychnia, but there was more probably it was nux-vomica. If it was, as alleged, a powder that was administered, it could not have been strychnia, which was known as the bitterest stuff in the world, bitterer even than quinine. Nux-vomica would taste less bitter than strychnia in the same proportion of water. Nux-vomica was bitter, but by no means as bitter in the same proportion as strychnia. Curds dissolved with strychnia would make the taste perceptible. Pickles would have the same tendency. The manner in which the *khichree* was eaten by natives and manipulated with the fingers would tend to mix the poison more freely and more readily than could ever occur with the knife and fork. It was inconceivable to witnesse's mind that five persons should not have detected the strychnia in the *khichree*, because most of it would be undissolved. The *khichree* was served hot always, and would have the effect of warming the milk taken with it. The sediment was the last to come on the tongue, and witness could not understand how none of these five persons tasted the strychnia. In a case like this, there would also be a perceptible after-taste. The back of the tongue and the palate were the most sensitive to taste. Witness had made an experiment himself the day before. He put five grains of strychnia into half a seer of milk poured into a plate. It floated half an hour. In another experiment the strychnia floated for an hour and a half. Witness put a particle of strychnia in very weak solution to the back of his tongue, and he could not get rid of the bitter taste for nearly five hours. With regard to the time when the symptoms of the poison appeared, witness was of opinion that they were not consistent with strychnia powder being given to the deceased persons. The symptoms, as described, were quite consistent with the administration of nux-vomica. Witness made an experiment with nux-vomica that morning, and it settled in a cup of milk in half an hour ; and on this point, witness did not agree with Dr. Barry's statement. Particles of strychnia would take an hour and a half to settle. Witness should have expected the symptoms in this case to have come on within half an hour. It was inconceivable that the symptoms should have been retarded for four or five hours. The symptoms being retarded so long would be consistent with the presence of nux-vomica in the milk. All that Dr. Barry described to have seen or done in analysing and finding the presence of strychnia in this case was consistent with the presence of nux-vomica. It might have been nux-vomica, even though Dr. Barry did not find brucia. Brucia was a more soluble alkaloid than strychnia ; and it would be more rapidly eliminated than strychnia. Witness should expect to find it in the urine and the bladder, not in the liver or the spleen. All the outward symptoms would be the same, whether the poison administered was nux-vomica or strychnia.

Cross-examined by Mr. Latham, witness said he felt no doubt that the five persons died of strychnia in one form or another, such as nux-vomica, &c. The poison might have been taken with the last meal or later on. Thirty grains of nux-vomica would constitute a fatal dose, the same as half a grain or a grain of strychnia. Witness had no personal experience of a case of poisoning by strychnia. Nux-vomica was very bitter, but not so intensely bitter as strychnia. Thirty grains of nux-vomica mixed with *khichree* would not leave a strong after-taste. Pan-suparee does not very much affect the organs of taste. It would rather bring out the after-bitter taste, but it would not remove it. Strychnia is capricious in its symptoms according to the constitution, age, and other conditions of the person to whom it is administered. Almost all poisons are capricious in their symptoms. Witness did not agree with Dr. Barry's opinion as to the variable character of strychnia poison. A great deal depended upon the character of the food in which it was administered.

A portion of the cross-examination here was confined to a disquisition on the relative properties and effects of strychnia, brucia, and nux-vomica ; which occupied considerable time, because Dr. Badhurjee described how he differed in opinion with the authors of some of the text-books which Mr. Latham referred to in puting his questions.

Mr. Latham : One more question. Are you here as a professional witness ?

Dr. Badhurjee said he was there both as a professional witness and in the interest of science. As soon as he saw it stated in the newspapers that five grains of strychnia were said to have been administered, he made up his mind to come forward as a witness. He would have come up whether the defence called him or not.

The Chief Justice : Surely you could answer the question without making a speech. You are here to answer questions and not to make speeches.

Mr. Latham said no imputation was intended on Dr. Badhurjee's reputation, which was understood to be high ; but he simply wanted to know whether or not he attended as a professional witness. No imputation whatever was intended in asking him whether he received a fee like all other professional witnesses.

The Chief Justice : Then, why put the question at all ?

Mr. Latham repeated that no imputation whatever was intended in putting it.

Dr. Badhurjee said he came as a professional witness, and was to get a fee like other professional witnesses. But in any event, he was not going to allow the life of a fellow-creature to be sacrificed, and had made up his mind to come forward even before anybody for the defence communicated with him.

After some questions had been put in re-examination, the Court adjourned until eleven a.m. to-day, when further evidence will be called for the defence.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 20.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Summary Suit to be heard in Chambers.
117-91—Balkrishna, V B K—Kamlabai Hinga and others vs Moreshwar Anandrao and another.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice TELANG.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
For Consent Decree.
101-91—Craigie, Lamd O—The Standard Life Assurance Co. vs Walla Punna and others—Shamrao P. and Payne G and S.
Undefended New Long Causes.
110-91—Payne, G and S—Bai Hurjorebai vs F Y Smith and others.
Defended New Long Causes.
102-91—In person—A pauper—Luximbai vs Balsett Narayen K Skipper.
83-91—Bicknell, and M—Manockbai and another vs Bai Hhikhaljee—Wadia and G.
106-91—Jadavjee and U—Satiba Ballaram vs Bhimabai and others—Jeffarson, B, D and K.
103-91—E Wilkin—Dharsey Hemraj vs Dayal Laljee and another—Little, S, F and N.
Postponed Long Causes.
289-89—Craigie, L and O—Dhowjee Karamchund vs C F Sickpen.
374-90—Jefferson, B, D and K—Premjee Tricumdas vs Toolsidas Ludha Thakurdas, D and C.
337-93—Arjesin, H and D—Rusto ajee Byramjee Colabawalla vs Narrondas Purmanundas—Mansukhlal D and J.
535-90—Cowasjee and B—Davidas Kessowjee vs Premjee Kessowjee and another—Crawford B B and B.
451-90—A F Turner—Hurri Gopal Borker vs Babu alias Damodher Raghoba Borker and others—Bicknell and M.

(Before the Hon. Mr Justice FARRAN.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Postponed Long Causes.
39-91—In person—Esmail Ebrahim vs Haroon Cosman and others—Bicknell and M—Parj hoard.
146-90—M H Khan—Rughunath Damodhur vs Janardhun Gopal and others—Tyabjee and D (not to be called on till Monday next.
116-91—Roughton and B—D Greenhalgh vs E L Elliot—Crawford B B and B.
111-91—Roughton and B—D Greenhalgh vs E L Elliot—Crawford B B and B.
616-90—Ardesir, H and D—Balkisondas Narondas vs Allybhoy Moola Hassonay Peerbhoy and others.
341-90—Thakurdas, D, and C—Datoobhai Ebrahim vs Karim Mahomed Jamal—Khunderao M.
724-89—Ukrimjee and D—Ukrimjee Vassonjee vs Somalee Sala Mahomed Hassam.
530-90—Little S, F, and N—C A Beyts and another vs Pandas Kessowji and others—Chitnis M and M.
576-90—J C Cama—Fatmabibee and another vs Fatmabibee and others—Tyabji and D.
101-90—Macfarlane, E, and H—Rughoonath Jaising vs Ram Bhugwan—Jefferson, B, D, and K.
607-93—Roughton and B—Bachoo Hajee Abdulla vs Haji Cassim Balladina—Jefferson B D and K.
105-90—Tyabji and D—Damodar Soonderdas and another vs Lilladhur Shamji and others—P and R, C and B, and J, B, D and K.

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 14th April, 1891 compared with the statement of the 7th April :—

LIABILITIES.	April 7. Rs. A. P.	April 14. Rs. A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	47,00,000 0 0	47,00,000 0 0
Public Deposits, &c.	2,31,82,543 0 3	2,21,76,406 3 5
Other Deposits, &c.	5,30,61,833 14 3	5,53,32,373 8 10
Bank Post Bills, &c.	9,14,454 13 11	8,96,498 4 9
Sundries	24,64,.67 5 10	21,84,655 5 9
Rs.	10,43,54,099 2 3	10,55,89,933 6 5

ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities	86,83,547 0 0	97,32,938 8 0
Other authorized Investments	74,31,850 4 0	74,33,850 4 0
Loans on Govt. and other authorized Securities	1,01,10,147 15 6	94,94,838 6 5
Credits on do.	61,54,172 15 1	71,93,703 6 5
Bills discounted, &c.	2,57,91,482 6 3	2,57,61,836 15 3
Balances with other Banks	8,25,791 15 5	8,03,020 5 8
Bullion	10,61,218 4 8	10,57,945 2 2
Dead Stock	12,25,498 7 6	12,22,424 0 2
Stamps	11,881 6 3	11,461 2 4
Sundries	15,32,397 10 8	11,53,674 1 5
Cash, &c., at Head Office	2,41,40,359 12 3	2,47,77,683 0 11
Do. at Branches	1,65,82,873 3 9	1,69,37,491 14 1
Rs.	10,43,54,099 2 3	10,55,89,933 6 5

The following is the Bank's memorandum of liabilities and assets up to the 14th April, 1891 :—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Treasury Balance at Head Office	22,77,075 Dec.
Loans at Branches	22 71,938 Inc.
Other Deposits	22,67,539
Post Bills	47,957 Dec.

ASSETS.

Bank's Investments	10,51,443 Inc.
Loans	6,15,313 Dec.
Accounts of Credit	10,39,532 Inc.
Mercantile Bills	15,03,275 Dec.
Cash at Head Office	1,60,867 Dec.
Do. at Branches	3,54,622 Inc.

THE *Svoboda* asserts that the notorious dragoman of the Russian Legation at Bucharest has been expelled from Roumania, chiefly at the request of his chief, M. Hitrovo. It appears, the S

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON.

18 YEARS IN PRACTICE.

No 19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,

OPPOSITE TO CURRENCY BANK.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORGES & MEADOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE of Lathe, Donkey Pumps, Punching and Shearing Machines, Iron Press, with sets of dies, C. I. Fans, Trusses, Gilting Battery, Winch, Teak Scantling, &c.

By order of C A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C, and Assignee for the estate and effects of Hirjeebhoy Ruttonjee, Jussoo Meamina, an insolvent, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m. at Ripon Road, Old Race Course (Muddemporai), consisting a large screw-cutting self-acting lathe, a punching and shearing machine. donkey pump, C. I. fans, feed pump, rope machines, iron presses, with sets of dies, travelling forge, safety bellows, anvil, bench vices, fly wheels, C. I. pulleys, coupings, valves shaftings, crank shafts, brackets, old and new iron trolly wheels with W. I. axles, winch, grind-stone, C. I. troughs, gram mill, old tanks, crushing machines, suction pipes, tools, gilting battery, wooden medals, bullock gearing, old belting, small boiler, teak frames, timber plates, scantlings, iron trusses, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, April 20, 1891.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF 100 BALES FULLY GOOD BENGAL COTTON.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs CRAWFORD and Co will sell by Public Auction at Victoria Bunder, Colaba, in the Juth r of Messrs. A Biascheck and Co., on account and at the risk of Marwaree Makhunlall Govindram.

100 bales fully good Bengal cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF A DISINTEGRATOR.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, on account and at the risk of Ruttonjee Nanabhoy Nalsetti—

1 disintegrator.

SALE OF PEARLS AND ROUGH DIAMONDS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th instant; at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account and at the risk of Mr. Motechund Hurrokchund—

9 rows containing 97 pearls, weighing 185 carats.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
5 " " thoties.
7 cases prints.
5 " white shirtings.
2 cases flannels.
2 " spanish stripes.
1 " clock with music.
1 D.-B.-B. L. rifle, by E. M. Reilley and Co.
1 S.-B. repeating rifle.
1 D.-B. C.-F. gun, left barrel choke.
1 S.-B. express rifle in case.
2 cases flannels.

On account of the concerned—
56 bundles corrugated iron sheets.

By order of the Administrator General—
1 sword belonging to the state of the late Colonel Wise.
1 portable fire engine belonging to the estate of the late Mr. D. Rae.
A few lots of books belonging to the estate of the late Mr. T. Alexander.
Gold earings and sundry articles belonging to the estate of the late Hajee Mahomed Vullud Shabaz—

On account of the concerned—
16 hogsheads steel coulson's porter.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome double-seated brougham.
1 strong serviceable office shigram.
1 handsome light victoria.
1 strong second-hand mail-phaeton.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE of Valuable Landed Property on the Gorupdeo Road on the Frere Land Estate.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 21st April, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Memon Hajee Ellias Ally, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagee, Oomer Peermahomed, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 23rd day of December, 1887, the following landed property, viz. :—

All that piece or parcel of Pasture hereditary leasehold land or ground, admeasuring 1,000 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under No. 1-3724 and 1-3725 together with the messuages, tenements, ranges of buildings or houses and outhouses standing thereon, and also all and every buildings and erections whatever will hereafter be built erected and standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, at Frere Land Estate or Ghorupdeo Road, and which said hereditaments and premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A ward No. 8081 and Street No. 257, and bounded on the east by vacant ground belonging to the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, on the west by a proposed road, on the north by vacant ground belonging to the Trustees of the Port of Bombay.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

NOTICE.

The sale of the remaining stock in trade of Thackersey Bhanjee will be resumed TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m., at Chucka road, near Jackeria Musjid.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT NARON DHUROO STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On THURSDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee Motibai, widow of Madhowjee Nurotum, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Dalvaee Jallar Muni, wife of Jumadass Rapoojee, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of mortgage, dated the 16th day of March 1883, and in the Deeds of further charge, dated the 14th day of May 1884, and 1st day of April 1890, the undermentioned landed property, viz—

All that piece of ground with the messuage or dwelling house and premises standing thereon, situate on the eastern side of Naron Dhuroo Street, outside the Fort, in the Mandvie sub-district in the Island of Bombay, formerly assessed under No. 32, and now under No. 34, containing by admeasurement 107 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by the sweeper's passage on the west by Naron Dhuroo Street aforesaid, on the north by the house of Bhana Bhimjee Shroff, and on the south by the house of Nooneedas Purshotumdas, and the said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 6, Napean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best electro-plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, superior table and cabinet ornaments, rich Brussels and Persian carpets, real China and Japanese flower vases and jan jocs, first-rate large size musical box, with bells and cylinders, and elegr nt light miniature barouche and a miniature brougham, both made to order by Simpson, Madras, and are in very good order, one handsome strong dark bay and one silver grey Arab horse, both going in single and double harness, sets of plated and brass mounted double harness, superior Hink's table and hanging lamps, rich oil paintings, choice and well-grown garden plants in tubs and pots, the property of J. M. SLEATER, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN LOHARCHALL STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Raghoba Ramchandra and the estate of the late Bhagwantra Ramchandra, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated 13th day of August 1885—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, partly Government and partly Fazendari, together with the messuage, tenements, and dwelling-house standing thereon, situate in Loharchall Street, outside the Fort, in the sub-registration district of Mandvi, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under No 38 and registered in the books of the Collec or of land revenue under No. 6915, admeasuring 270 and 280 respectively, making together 550 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the property of Narayan Bulvant, on the west by the property of the late Bhaerani Shanker Bapu Joshi, on the north by the property of Sadanand Trimoukjee, and on the south by the said Loharchall street, and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said mortgagors and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

Sale of Tiles.

On MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, by order of Messrs. Norrie Miller sell & Co., and on account and and at the risk of the concerned—

50,000 Tiles, Mangalore pattern
50,000 " French "
50,000 " Marseilles "

In lots to suit purchasers.

Samples of the above tiles can be seen at the rooms of the undersigned.

On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 28th and 29th instant, at 1 p.m., each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 15, Apollo Street, Fort, the whole of the stock-in-trade of Mr. Narronjee Dhurumsey, consisting of Bengal, Bareca, Madras, and Trichinopoly embroidery work, pillow, cross and knitting silk working wool, tablecloth-, feathers, China and Japanese folding screens, cage, satsuma, China and Japanese flower vases, trays card and table plates, China fans, work boxes, cabinets, writing desks, card, g ove, collar and handkerchief boxes, Benares toys, lacquered boxes, glass door cupboards, show cases, round and writing tables, and chairs, looking glasses, gas fittings, &c.

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

On FRIDAY, the 1st May, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Middle Colaba, opposite the Post Office, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned iron, framed cottage pianoforte, by Emil Aschorberg, Dresden fancy table ornaments, China and Japanese flower vases, Hink's table and hanging lamps, carpets, pictures &c., the property of P. Brenwald, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 2nd May, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Girgaum, next to Messrs. Cursetji Salaman's Establishment, the valuable and handsome F. P. blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware a handsome pianoforte, by John Broadwood and Sons, Chubb's lock, iron safe on stand, mahogany begatelle table, with balls and cues, Singer's Sewing Machine, fish bowl with fish, rich table ornaments, China and Japanese flower vases, Brussels carpets, Hink's table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of Robert Scott, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

VALUABLE BUNGALOW AT MAHABLESHWAR FOR SALE.

Under instructions from the executors of the will of the late Mr. Manchorjee Dorabjee, Vakeel, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on SATURDAY, the 16th May, at 4 p.m.

The furnished bungalow on the Mahableshwar Hill and known as "Bonne Vue" (late Ravine Cottage) with about 6 acres and 7 goonthas of ground. It is situated in a central position and commands a splendid view of sunset Hill and other points. It is a pucca-built bungalow, with corrugated iron roof, and has one drawing, one dining, one side and two bedrooms, with open verandah on 3 sides. The ground is held under a lease from Government on an annual rental of Rs. 17-12 or thereabouts.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, April 20, 1891.

TRAVELLING.

DUST.

GLARE.

TOURISTS and others whose avocations expose them to the trying Glare and Dust associated with RAILWAY Travelling, &c., in India will find a very large Selection of the most approved forms of Spectacles, with the most scientifically recommended at Tints suitable for outdoor use

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.

The Lenses are known as "Picked Lenses," being perfect and of the very best manufacture, without flaws, such as Air Bubbles or Water-marks so common in Cheap Spectacles.

In Steel, Nickel, Silver, and Gold Frames.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

MARCKS & Co., LIMITED, OPTHALMIC OPTICIANS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co, Ld., PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

HAVE RECEIVED a fresh consignment of best Limoge Porcelainware, consisting of Dinner and Dessert Services, also very choice after Dinner Coffee Cups.

THE GOODS ARE NOW ON VIEW at 18, MARINE STREET.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business of pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "DR SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Charing Cross" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not therefore purchase without seeing the Government stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND. AGENTS WANTED.

Hungarian Aperient Water.

"DIAMOND MARK."

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT.

"SPEEDY, SURE, and GENTLE."

USES.

1. *As a prompt, certain, and gentle laxative.*
2. *To prevent and relieve headache and bilious congestion.*
3. *For the prevention and cure of habitual costiveness and of hæmorrhoids.*
4. *For the arrest of obesity and fatty degenerations.*
5. *Against the excessive formation of uric acid (in gout, gravel, and stone).*
6. *The safest aperient for constipation of pregnancy and the costiveness of infants.*
7. *In chronic diseases of the chest, heart, and abdominal organs.*
8. *To avert and relieve brain congestions and their consequences.*
9. *To remedy disturbance from errors or excesses in diet.*
10. *In chronic diseases of women, and ovarian and uterine disorders.*
11. *In the evacuant treatment of mental disorder and its accompanying constipation.*

Ordinary Dose, a Wineglassful before Breakfast.

SOLE EXPORTERS: *THE APOLLINARIS COMPANY, LIMITED,* 19 Regent Street, London, England. *OF ALL DRUGGISTS AND MINERAL WATER DEALERS.*

DEMAND THE "DIAMOND MARK."

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

Under instructions from Mr. Lalchund Jasodanundon, the mortgagee, and with the consent and concurrence of Charles Norman Taylor, Esq., the Official Assignee, and Assignee of the estate and effects of Haji Musa Haji Abu, the mortgagor, now an insolvent, the following property shall be put up for sale by auction in the Insolvent room by the undersigned at 4 p.m. THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th inst.

PARTICULARS OF SALE.

All those 165 salt-pans or dandas, together with the 10 water cisterns thereto appertaining part of the estate called Chan Umpa, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, on the east side of Matoonga, in the sub-district of Mandvie, in the island of Bombay, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's old Nos. 153, 221, 457, 493, 461, 465, 467, 473, 487, and 538, and new Nos. 13075, 13301, 13305, 13307, 13311, 10772, 10832 and new Survey Nos. 1-1-5, 1-2-1, 1-2-2, 1-2-2b—6, 3-3a-3b, 3c—6, 4-4a-4b-4c-4d—6, 6-6a 6b—6, and containing by admeasurement 6240 square yards, be the same little more or less, and bounded as follows :—In or towards the east partly by sea and partly by the mangrove swamp or Narayen Dabukar's Agar, on or towards the south by the salt-pans of Gaspar Souza, on or towards the west partly by the reservoir belonging to the said Gaspar Souza and partly by the Government Agar, called Shaik Mishri, and on or towards the north by the said Narayen Dabukar's Agar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned, or to Messrs. Jefferson, Bhaishunker, Dinshaw, and Ka Ranga, attorneys for the mortgagee, at their offices in Albert Buildings, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF DROPPING WASTE, &c.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 20th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Muccanjee Mill, Byculla, near Sukkalla Talao, on account and at the risk of Mr. Bomanjee Dhunjeebhoy Khan—

About 64 cwt. dropping, No. 1.
About 193 double and single wrapping, No. 2.
About 29 cwt. dropping fly, No. 3.

Also on account and th concerned—

No. 23, 10 gunny bags containing rags, waiting waste, small cops, looms ends, oily waste, warpings, small pieces.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PEARLS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account of the concerned—

1 large button pearl, weighing 11 carats.
149 undrilled pearls, weighing 114 carats.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF CHOICE RARE PLANTS AT THE CLIFF, MALABAR HILL.

On WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 7 a.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the above mentioned place, a collection of choice rare plants in full bloom, consisting of Dracænas, ferns, palms, orchids, crotons, roses and other flowering shrubs, &c., &c., the property of Brigade-Surgeon A. N. Hojel.

Catalogues are published and the plants are on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY the 23rd inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Pedder Road, Cumballa Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, made to order by Wimbridge and John Roberts, best electro-plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, handsome Crown, Derby, Sevres, and majolica table orna ments, first-rate oil paintings in gilt frame, rich Brussels and Persian carpets, a mahogany grand square Pianoforte, by Schie fmayer and Soehne, a cottage piano by "Fischer and Price," also a four-seated open carriage with horses and harness, plants, &c., &c., the property of M. BRESLAUER, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

On TUESDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Dongersey Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, by Jamsetjee Nowrojee, plated ware glass and crockery-ware, hanging table, and kerosine lamps, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, one handsome strong victoria, in very good order, a pair of handsome grey Arab horses, sets of double harness, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, 1 fine toned concert grand Pianoforte by "Bluthner" the property of J. WESTLAKE, Esq.,

Catalogues will be published, and the property on view from midday Friday, the 24th inst.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 2nd May, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Staff Quarters, G. I. P. Railway, Parel, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases rich table ornaments, first-rate pictures and olographs, a handsome strong victoria, a strong bay Arab horse, set of single harness, &c., &c., the property of R. COOPER, Esq., proceeding to Europe.

Catalogues will be published, and the property on view four days before the sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On a day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "The Cliff," Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grey square pianoforte, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, a large pier glasses, handsome China and Japanese vases, first rate pictures and oleographs rich table ornament, rich Persian carpets, a handsome strong English-built four-seated Barouche on Cee spring, by "Morgan and Co.," sets of double harness, &c., &c., the property of Brigade-Surgeon A.W. Hojel proceeding to Europe.

Catalogues will be published and property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, April 20, 1891.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Russian Yacht Tamara, Captain B O Yaconboosky, sailed on Saturday last for Suez.

THE Ship Paul Revere, 1,636 tons, Captain John Mullin, cleared on Saturday last for Calcutta, with a cargo of salt.

The steam-ship Charters Tower, 1,905 tons, Captain H Purse, cleared on Saturday last for Amsterdam, with a general cargo.

THE steam-ship Drachenfels, 1,459 tons, Captain T Lintig, sailed on Saturday last for Hamburg and Bremen, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Loodiana, 2,140 tons, Captain C A Hugill, cleared on Saturday last for Calcutta, Rangoon, &c., with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Aska, 180 tons, Captain J Kennedy, sailed on Saturday last for Karachi via Kathiawar coast, with a general cargo and 65 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Chindwara, 1,475 tons, Captain W B Smith, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and 37 deck passengers.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steam-ship Nawab, 2,041 tons, Captain J Carson, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo, and Mr. E P Playford as cabin passenger.

THE steam-ship Bedouin, 1,234 tons, Captain W J J Goldsworthy, arrived in harbour on Friday last from Port Said in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Killick, Nixon and Co.

THE B I N Co's steam-ship Nerbudda, 1,948 tons, Captain J Anderson, sailed on Saturday last for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo, 3 cabin passengers and 20 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Chittagong, 1,240 tons, Captain Oliver Davey, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Cardiff via Port Said in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs W and A Graham and Co.

THE steam-ship Blenheim, 1,548 tons, Captain F W Chadwick, arrived in harbour on Friday last from Cardiff, with a cargo of 3,005 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs W & A Graham and Co.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S N Co's steam-ship Mejomene, 1,946 tons, Captain A Mitis, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Hongkong, with a general cargo, and three cabin and 21 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Kapurthala, 671 tons, Captain W H Rothwell, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Karachi via Kathiawar coast, with a general cargo, Mr and Miss Tonk and Corpl F Johnson as cabin and 170 deck passengers.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co' steam-ship Sculptor, 850 tons, Captain A McAllister, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Jeddah, &c., with a general cargo, Mr. Ardeshir Sorabjee and Mr. Temuljee as cabin and two deck passengers.

THE following is the list of passengers arrived yesterday per Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's s. s. Imperatrix from Trieste 3rd and Brindisi 5th inst :—Mr and Mrs Schadenberg, Capt H M Burke, Mr A Daniels, Mr C Stelz and Mr H R C Barber.

THE steam-ship Oberon, 1,763 tons, Captan A S Grate, sailed on Saturday last for Hull, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr and Mrs Houston, two Misses Houston, Master Houston, Mrs Monday, Mrs Francklind and 2 children, Master C J Crisp, and Miss Lily Crisp.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Purulia, 993 tons, Captain L E Gillett, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo, 58 cases opium and the following passengers :—Major and Mrs Bishop and child, Capt Burton, Mr Henderson, Dr Robinson, Mr Dostally, Mr Osmen Freh, Captain Chappy, Sergt and Mrs Smith, Sergt J Mc Kinna, 211 deck, and 5 horses.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Simla, 1,039 tons, Captain James Robertson, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Busreh—Mr. Mirza Mahomedali, and two others and two children, Mr. Mahomed Kender, Mr. Sullimon Gannum, Mr. Abdool Gannum, and Mr. Salam Gannum. For Bushire—Mr. Jacob. For Falia—Mr. Mahomedbin Nayam and Mr. Jasoum Khoja. For Karachi—Mr. C. G. Watts, Lieuts. Haig, Dalgety, Nuttal, Mr. Leightow B. Ker, and Mr. N. F. Ferguson. For different ports—18 deck.

THE RUBATTINO STEAMER.

THE following is the list of passengers per Italian steamer D. Balduino, Captain a Crusiani, sailing to-day from the stream at 1 p.m. :—For Genoa—Mr. and Mrs. Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. Pelite and two children, Mr. Peterson, Mrs Cockburn, Miss Madge, Col. Churchill, Mr. Chisholm and child, Mrs. Purvis, Col. Studdy, Mr. E. M. Payne, Mrs. Burnett and two daughters, Lady Filose and six children, Sir Michael Filose, Mrs. and Miss Coates, Mr. H. C. Orr, Mr. L. D. Hoarsey, Mr. Neale, Mr. Gerald Butler, Mrs. Hyde and Lady, Mr. F. W. Morton and friend, Mrs. Serebrewick, Mr. Bestand and friend, Mr. and Mrs. Merwanjee Tarachund and two friends, Mr. Quimerley, Mr. and Mrs. Pirce, Mr. Greenwood, Mr. A. H. Oldham, Mr. Forde, Mr. Hosein, Mr. Chisholm and six friends, Mr. J. D. B. Gribble, Mr. Oliver and four deck passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—APRIL 18.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Urbino	1543	Kerr	A	Finlay Muir & Co.
" Roma	2727	Ralt	B	B. I. S. N. Co.
" City of Canterbury	2242	Whish	D	Sir C Forbes & Co
" Wai		Nacoda	L	Shepherd & Co
" Athabasca	1645	Jones	M	J Mackintosh & Co
" Trelawney	1014	Daniel	N	J Mackintosh & Co
" Oberone	1763	Grate	O	J Mackintosh & Co
" Dracæna	1250	Lantz	P	Glass & Co
" C. Tower	2510	Sanders	Q	R. Brothers

HARBOUR WALL.

S.S. Neera ..... Nacoda ..... Shepherd & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

	No.			
S.S. Asia	2222	Laird	2	W & A Graham & Co
" D. Balduino	3044	Cruciani	3	F Bozzoni.
" Ravenna	1915	Hall	5	P & O Co.
" Bedouin	1234	Goldsworthy.	6	Killick Nixon & Co.
" Kt. Companion	2543	Jones	6	Do.
" Melphomene	1946	Mitis	7	J Jaml.
" Thabo	1988	Scamazzo	8	A-H Lloyd's S N Co
" Etolia	2439	Gill	9	K Nixon & Co
" Chatfield	1904	McPeo	10	J Mackintosh & Co
" Intrapura	2301	Lamb	11	K Nixon & Co.
" Chittagong	1240	Davey	12	W. & A. Graham.
" Pemba	986	Houston	15	B I S N Co
S.S. Kapurthalla	671	Rothwell		B. I. S. N. Co.

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

S.S. Stella ..... 1523 ..... Partridge.

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
17	Kt. Templar (s)	Pain	Cardiff, March 24.
	Melpomene (s)	Mitis	Hongkong, March 26
	Bedouin (s)	Goldsworthy	Port Said, April 3.
18	Chindwara (s)	Smith	Calcutta, March 21.
	Sculptor (s)	McAllister	Jeddah, April 1.
	Kapurthala (s)	Rothwell	Karachi, April 15.
	Chittagong (s)	Davey	Cardiff, March 14.
	Parulia (s)	Gillett	Persian Gulf.
19	Peninsular (s)	Loggin	London, March 26.
	Imperatrix (s)	Kaiger	Trieste, April 3.
	Tripoli (s)	Dunn	Aden, April 12.

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
18	Aska (s)	Kennedy	Karachi, &c.
	Swordsman (s)	Jacoda	Zanzibar.
	Nerbudda (s)	Anderson	Calcutta, &c.
	Drachenfels (s)	Lintig	Hamburg, &c.
	Oberon (s)	Grate	Hull.
	Charters Tower (s)	Purse	Amsterdam.
	Loodiana (s)	Hugill	Calcutta, &c.
	Assam (s)	Webber	Aden.
	Russian Yacht Tamara	Yaconboosky	Suez.
19	Nawab (s)	Calder	Calcutta, &c.
	Simla (s)	Robertson	Persian Gulf.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances on Saturday last :—

S. S. Italian Reverce, Mullin, for Calcutta.
Steamer D. Balduino, Cruciani, for Genoa.

The following vessels began to load on Saturday last :—

Steamer Daybreak, for Havre.
" Bedouin, for Genoa.
" Steamer S alla, for Port Said, for order.
" Sculptor, for Aden, Jeddah, &c.
" Teheran, for China, &c.
" Melpomene, for Trieste, &c.
" Chittagong, for Hull.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

April.		
14	Cy of Kinross ship	Parry ..... Liverpool, Dec. 31.
	Baroda s	Lohert ..... Hamburg Feb. 14.
	Umtata s	Dow ..... Natal, March 20.

DEPARTURE.

April 14—Steamers De comyn and River India.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

April.		
16	India s	London.
	Niemen s	Calcutta.
	Nuddia s	Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.

April.		
15	Secundra s	Rangoon.
	Kola s	Negapatam.
	Java s	Bombay.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 17th April, 1891.

Means of observations at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·790
Temperature of the Air	85·8
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·2
Dew Point	74·9
Relative humidity of Air	0·692
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	90·7
Minimum do. (read at 8 a.m.)	78·8
General Directions of Wind*	NNE, NNW, N, NW, SW
Movement of Wind in 24 hours*	226

* From midnight to midnight.

HOME REMITTANCES.

THE following is the weekly memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills up to the 14th April, 1891 :—

Amount to be remitted during 1891-92.....£16,000,000
Remitted from 1st April, 1891, to 11th April 1891 ..... £6,43,000
Balance to be remitted from 12th April, 1891, to 31st March, 1892..... 15,357,000

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY NIGHT, APRIL 18.

10 p.m. ... ... 79·4

SUNDAY, APRIL 19.

6 a.m.	77·4
10 a.m.	85·7
2 p.m.	86·5
4 p.m.	86·9

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 18.

CONSOLS remained at 96¼ in London yesterday; but the market rates of discount were further advanced by ¼ per cent., making them stand at 3¼ per cent., both for short London Bills and six months' sight Indian Bank Paper. About £100,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England yesterday. Indian Sterling Loan was ¼ per cent. higher at 106¾. Bar Silver was unaltered at 44½d per oz.; but Rupee Securities were 5-16 per cent. lower in Fours, and ¼ in 4½ per cents, at £74 7-16, and £76¾, respectively. In New York, Silver was ½ cent. higher, at 97⅜, with demand Exchange on London unaltered at 4·88¦ dollars; and further purchases of the metal by the U. S. Treasury are reported, say 300,000 ounces, at 97·48 to 97·60 cents. The weekly shipments of Specie from London to India are wired as £210,000 in Silver, and £10,000 in Gold to this port. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India, at 30 days' sight, remained at 1s. 4d. Paris quotations were unaltered. To-day's telegrams report Silver unchanged in value, both in London and New York.

No fresh quotations for Wheat or Seeds are to hand through Reuter, and those markets may, therefore, be taken as unchanged The quantity of Wheat afloat for the United Kingdom, yesterday, was 2,270,000 quarters, or 10,000 quarters less than was upon the water a week ago.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull, both generally and for Surats last evening, the total Sales having reached only 6,000 bales, inclusive of 400 Surats. The price of spot Americans was unchanged at 4 13-16d.; but in East Indians, "Good" Madras Westerns were ¼d, and Tinnys of both grades 1-16d., lower. American Arrivals were 1-32d. lower for April and April-May deliveries, and 1-32d. down in all more distant positions. The day's Imports were 10,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet. This afternoon, the Liverpool Market closed quiet, a further decline of 1-16d. in Mid.-Americans having been established at 4½; Surats being dull, but unchanged in value. The Sales were only 4,000 bales, of which 400 were East Indian. The Imports were 4,000 bales.

The weekly volume of business in Liverpool was about the same as in the week preceding, at 41,000 bales total sales; the amount forwarded to consumers having been 4 000 bales less, at 65,000 bales. The week's Imports were 29,000 bales lighter at 65,000 bales. The total Stock had decreased by 6,000 bales, and, as it stood yesterday, was 82,000 bales heavier than at the same time last year, and 330,000 bales more than in 1889. The Stock of Surats had increased by 4,000 bales, say to 115,000 bales. The total Visible Supply had fallen off during the week by 49,000 bales; but of East Indian Cotton there were 3,000 bales more in sight; the figures which we give below for comparison continuing to show a large increase in the total Supply compared with last year, and larger as against the year before, some decrease being apparent in the case of of Surats compared with 1890, though an increase as against 1889. As prices ruled yesterday, they were unaltered from the previous Friday's for spot Americans, but 5-64d. to 3-32d. higher for Arrivals, Surats generally being 1-16d. lower; and compared with the price of ready Mid.-Americans last year, and the year before, yesterday's quotation was 1½d., and 1 3-16d., lower, respectively.

In New York, ready Mid.-Uplands was unchanged yesterday, at 8 15-16 cents; but July Futures were two points lower at 8·78 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 13,000 bales, making the week's total far beyond that of the corresponding week in both the preceding years, especially last year, and the excess now shown is 808,000 bales and 1,092,000 bales, as against the figures for last year and the year before, respectively. The quantity in sight has not been wired. To-day, a further drop of 4 points took place in Futures for July at 8·74 cents. The Receipts at the Ports were 10,000 bales going against 2,300 bales last year, and 7,000 bales the year before.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparison with the two previous seasons :—

	1891.	1890.	1889.
Week's receipts	72,000	29,000	59,000
" exports to U. Kingdom ..	50,000	28,000	37,000
" " Continent	36,000	14,000	23,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept. '90	6,433,000	5,625,000	5,341,000
" Exports to U. K. do....	2,820,000	2,575,000	2,458,000
" to Continent do....	2,226,000	1,915,000	1,743,000

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE NEWFOUNDLAND QUESTION.

LONDON, APRIL 18.

Lord Knutsford announced yesterday that he had decided to postpone the Second Reading of the Newfoundland Bill, to enable the delegates from that Colony to appear at the Bar of the House of Lords in the meanwhile.

THE OPERATIONS IN MANIPUR.

Colonel Nolan, in the House of Commons, last night, asked the Under-Secretary of State for India, if he would order the commanders of the military columns now operating in Manipur to abstain from burning the villages of the natives when the latter were merely resisting the attacks of the British troops.

Sir John Gorst in reply said he declined to assume that the British Commanders in Manipur would act improperly.

SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN ON THE OPIUM QUESTION.

The *Times* publishes a letter from Sir Lepel Griffin, in which he denounces the action of Sir Joseph Pease in endeavouring to secure the abolition of the Indian opium trade. Sir Lepel dwells upon the fiscal advantages of the Opium tax and says that the loss of revenue from this source would either fatally compromise the Indian Government or saddle the British taxpayer with an unbearable burden.

THE ELECTION OF PRINCE BISMARCK.

BERLIN, APRIL 17.

The final returns of the election at Gestemunde show Prince Bismarck to be 3,000 votes ahead of the Socialist candidate, but a second ballot will be necessary between them.

ELECTION FOR THE CITY OF LONDON.

LONDON, APRIL 19.

Mr. Henry Hucks Gibbs, ex-Governor of the Bank of England, has been returned unopposed as Member of Parliament for the City, in place of the late Mr. Thomas Baring.

THE LAND PURCHASE BILL.

In the House of Commons an amendment moved by Mr. John Morley to the Land Purchase Bill, deferring the operation of the Bill until County Councils, in the various centres, had been created, was rejected on a division by a majority of 77 votes.

THE CHARGE AGAINST CAPTAIN VERNEY.

Captain Verney, M.P., arrived in London yesterday, and was at once arrested by the police. The accused was brought up at the Bow Street Police Court, when a girl, named Baskett, gave evidence identifying him, to the best of her belief, as the man who had attempted to seduce her. The Magistrate remanded the accused for a week, bail being fixed at £5,000 in his own recognisances and two sureties of £1,000 each.

PURCHASE OF SILVER.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 17.

The Treasury to-day purchased 300,000 ounces of silver at prices ranging from 97·48 to 97·60.

THE BOMBAY MAILS.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

The homeward Bombay mails of the 4th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

THE GOVERNOR ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, APRIL 19.

Yesterday morning his Excellency the Governor and Staff, accompanied by Mr. Fairlie-Muir, Collector and Mr. Holland, Superintendent of Police; left Belgaum for Dhupdal, whence they rode over to Gokak. There they were received by Mr. Douglas, who accompanied the party to the water-fall. Having seen that they were shown over the mills, where breakfast was provided. Then they rode to the canal reservoir, and walked round the bund, being shown the sluices by Mr. Strange, the Engineer. They afterwards returned to Belgaum. In the afternoon his Excellency visited the races. A reception was held in the Judge's bungalow in the evening. This morning the Governor attended divine service at the garrison Church. A reception of the Sirdars was held during the morning. His Excellency left at night by a special train for Miraj *en route* for Kolhapur, where to-morrow morning his Excellency will open the Kolhapur State Railway.

THE MIRANZAI EXPEDITION.

A SHARP ENGAGEMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, APRIL 18.

General Lockhart's force occupied Samana yesterday, after a slight opposition. Colonel Framer and Major Egerton, A.A.G., were severely wounded, also four of the 60th Regiment and six sepoys. One column descended into the Kanki Valley and bivouacked there last night. The force proceeds to the west to-day. The sun is hot through, but few men fell out, the troops behaved admirably.

THE RAMPUR MURDER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 18.

A Council of Regency at Rampur has offered a reward of five thousand rupees, to which five thousand rupees have been added by the Government of the North-West Provinces for the apprehension of the murderers of General Azim-ud-din Khan. A free pardon will also be given to any informer who was present with the gang, but did not take part in the firing.

THE BENARES RIOT.

Five hundred of the Benares rioters have been arrested, and it was rumoured that an attempt would be made to rescue them from the Central Jail. Precautions were taken against any attempt, but none was made. The troops are still stationed in the city, and are guard ing the principal offices. All is now quiet.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats dull.

Good Dhollerah	3 13-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight.	1s. 4 1/32d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	96⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	94⅝
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	74 7-16
4½ per cent. ,,	76⅛
5½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106⅞
Bar Silver	44d.

The sum of about £100,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total week's sales of Cotton		41,000 bales.
,, ,,	Surats	2,000 ,,
,, Imports of Cotton		66,000 ,,
,, ,,	Surats	9,000 ,,
,, Stock of Cotton		194,000 ,,
,, ,,	Surats	115,000 ,,
,, Stock of Cotton in London		18,000 ,,

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, APRIL 17.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Rome arrived here from Bombay this evening.

COLOMBO, APRIL 19.

French mail steamer Salazie from China, and Numea from Calcutta, arrived.

THE MANIPUR OUTBREAK.

THE PUNITIVE FORCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 18.

It is stated that Kaitemabi, which is six marches from Kohima and two from Manipur, has been fortified. Two guns have been placed in position, and it is held by a strong force of Manipuris and Kukis.

The state of the Chindwin river threatens to increase the difficulties of the Commissariat supply to a considerable extent, as it now takes nine days instead of five to do the journey between Pokoko and Kendat.

The steamer McIvor, with General Graham and staff on board, was aground for two days when they had to be transferred to a steamer of lighter draught. It appears that the Colonel Howlett, whom Mr. Williams, the telegraph signaller, said was holding the stockade at Thobal, turns out to have been Lieutenant Grant, Major Howlett being at that time at Tammu. Lieutenant Grant has satisfactorily explained to head-quarters that he gave himself out to be Colonel Howlett, in order to intimidate the Manipuris, who he thought would feel more diffidence in attacking a Colonel with a regiment than a subaltern with eighty men.

The Silchar column seized the Erung bridge, just preventing its destruction by the Manipuris.

SIMLA, APRIL 19.

The first and third columns under Colonel Lockhart advanced yesterday and took Surtope under cover of guns. The 1st Punjab Infantry lost one killed and two wounded. One officer of No. 3 Mountain Battery was severely wounded. The troops obtained water at Surtope which they needed badly. The villages Mastaon and Saragathi were subsequently occupied.

Colonel Turner of the second column reports that the enemy posted themselves in difficult ground on Khanki. His column lost three wounded. Friday and Saturday the Cavalry advanced to Gwadar. No casualties. The enemy's loss is not ascertained.

MR. QUINTON'S SUCCESSOR.

The Chief Commissionership of Assam, rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Quinton, will be conferred on Mr. Ward, C.S.I., now Judicial Commissioner at Rangoon.

A meeting was held here on Thursday, at which it was resolved to place a bust of Mr. Quinton in the Convocation Hall of the Allahabad University, to perpetuate his memory, and to express the deep and affectionate memory of his loss. A memorial tablet is also to be placed in Christ Church, Lucknow. The Honorable J. R. Reid, C.S., has kindly consented to receive communications from those desirous of contributing.

THE HAZARA FIELD FORCE.

An officer in the Hazara Field Force, writing on the 10th of the month, says: We left Palossi on the 8th, and I can tell you everyone was glad to get away from there and from the heat of the Indus Valley. We crossed the river by a flying bridge, which by the way has caused great astonishment in the country, as the people from the distance cannot see the wire rope, and they go about saying that we have a boat which crosses without oars, to which they usually get the answer "that's a lie!" All the time we were at Palossi you could have sworn there was not an enemy alone about the place. But I can assure you we had not been across the river half an hour before the place was swarming with them. Two or three hundred of them came down from the hills around which they had been hiding, and that's what they do everywhere. They sit behind trees and boulders and watch us, without a chance of being seen themselves, and if they see a party of only two or three they come down and shoot at them. In the distance these fellows looked like a lot of little ants swarming into the place. From the river it was a real steady pull up here of four thousand feet. I footed it every inch, sweating like a real pig the whole time, but I hardly took a rest, and got up here in three and a quarter hours, nearly an hour sooner than any of the rest of our party, who rode a good part of the way. We lost one pony and seven mules on the way up. The khud in places is awfully steep, and the path is of course of the roughest. But it is delightful up here, for the air is so fresh and cool and every one is as happy as possible. Yesterday we climbed up about 1,500 feet higher to Abu, from which we got a splendid view of the country right up the Indus, and also across the river into the Bonerwal country to the Umbeyla Pass. At the top of Abu we got for the first time into the snow, in which I revelled, for it was a rare treat once more to trample about in it. From Abu we went on about six miles to Seir, the original stronghold of Hashim Ali, with whom our present row is. This had already been destroyed by General Hammond's column, and we found it entirely in ruins and nearly all the crops eaten. We returned to Rill after a very good day's tramp of about fourteen miles. The flowers here are beautiful. There is a rich abundance of rhododendrons, and the whole place is a mass of sweet smelling violets, and would be a happy hunting ground for some of your Bombay botanists. When we got back to camp we heard that a mule-driver had been shot, and a mule hamstrung within half a mile of camp. I went out to see the poor fellow brought in, taking with me an escort of two men. With an escort one is quite safe; but without it they will pot you. This poor fellow had been shot through the chest, and not content with that they had come down and cut him about fearfully, nearly taking both his hands off, so that he was a dreadful sight. This morning the Guides went out scouting all over the hills to see if there were any signs to be seen of these people. As I had nothing to do I joined them and had a great climb up to the Panj Gully, which is at the crest of the Black Mountain, and is the boundary line between British territory and that of the tribes. Here again the surroundings are delightful. In places the snow is five feet deep, and the hilt sides are covered with aromatic pine trees. Oddly enough it was quite hot only a thousand feet lower, and we were all perspiring profusely. We munched the snow as we went along, and had a fine snow-ball fight with the Guides. There was little to be seen of the enemy, and the only armed men we came across promptly decamped across the ridge before we could get at anything like close quarters. To-day happily we have been able to dry our clothes after the snow-storm yesterday afternoon and the pouring rain which lasted all night, bringing down my water-proof sheet, which I had made into a *tente d'abri*. We must dry our clothes while the sun shines, as one's kit here is *very* limited.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN, speaking at a great Liberal-Unionist meeting at Portsmouth on April, said that for the past five years we had been face to face with a danger that threatened the security of the Empire; but that danger had been averted, and we could breathe again. That result was not wholly due to the arguments of the Unionists, but to the folly and unworthiness of their opponents. Many Gladstonians would gladly abandon the policy on which they had entered, but they had not the courage to act independently. He did not believe they could exist on a purely negative policy of resistance, but he thought that the Unionists, at the next General Election, could put forward a policy which would be adequate to the needs and aspirations of the Electorate. The right hon. gentleman then dealt with matters relating to social reform, urging that the Gladstonian party, tied and bound by their pledges to Home Rule, would not be able to legislate on such subjects.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 3.

The profound sensation that, we learn, has been caused throughout India by the terrible disaster in Manipur finds an echo in the hearts of all Englishmen and Englishwomen at home, from her Majesty the Queen down to the most humble of her subjects. Here and there a tendency to censure Mr. Quinton's "daring", as well as the impolicy of placing semi-military expeditions under the supreme charge of civilian officials is displayed, but the general feeling is one of earnest sympathy with the victims of unlooked-for treachery. If some one has blundered, the public will know who is responsible later on; at present it is premature to attribute, as at least one writer has done, the fate that overtook the Goorkha detachment to the abandonment of the old custom of placing "picked military officers in the forefront of the Empire, holding, as it were, the outposts." Although the catastrophe is very deplorable, fortunately, things are not quite so bad as they seemed from the earlier accounts received from India. The India Office was, on Tuesday morning, invaded by representatives of the press, anxious for all the details that could be picked up there. Some of these eager journalists came away disappointed, for beyond communicating to the papers the official telegrams, the authorities in Whitehall could not throw much fresh light on the affair. One enterprising journal applied to the Under-Secretary of State, within an hour or two of the receipt of the sad tidings, for photographs of the officers with the force, and seemed surprised that his request could not be complied with! A certain Radical evening paper jumped to the conclusion that the British authorities had brought this reverse upon themselves, by wantonly interfering with the right of the Manipuris to choose their own ruler. But of all the sapient comments on the unfortunate affair, commend me to the Continental papers. One of these, the *Soleil*, regards the slaughter of the brave Goorkhas as "indicating the spread of ideas of political emancipation in India," adding, "The day is perhaps not far off when a well-organized party will spring up claiming India for the Indians, in which event England's dominion in India will be seriously threatened." That leading English journals should publish such utter rubbish as this, at any rate without exposing its puerility, is not greatly to their credit. One of the first persons to receive the news of the safety of the party who fled towards Silchar was the father of Mrs. Grimwood. He learned the welcome intelligence at the India Office, and his feelings can easily be imagined. A writer in a French newspaper, taking time by the forelock, predicts that what has happened will, in the end, have beneficial effects, politically and commercially for England, as Manipur will be added to the British dominions, thereby facilitating the opening up of the Chinese province of Yunnan to English trade. Is this intended as a friendly remark?

The death of Earl Granville is deplored by all classes and parties, as much by Conservatives as Liberals. Though not a great man, he occupied, owing to his unique qualifications, a position of commanding influence in the political world, far superior with perhaps one exception to that of any other hereditary legislator on the Liberal side. He was, party views apart, quite the most popular man in English public life. In whatever society he happened to be, he charmed everyone by his personal manner. He did not shine as a Parliamentary orator, and it was always a marvel to me how the reporters were able to reproduce his speeches in the House of Lords with such comparative fidelity. I have, when he has been speaking, repeatedly stood near the bar of the gilded chamber in the circumscribed space allotted to strangers, and scarcely ever caught the whole of a single sentence that fell from his lips. It was, as all his biographers relate, a capital *raconteur* from an early life he assiduously cultivated what is I fear becoming a lost art, after dinner eloquence. In this line he had few equals when he was in good health. Of late years he has had a pinched and wearied look. Not very long ago, when crossing Waterloo place on my way to St. James's Park, I happened to meet Mr. Gladstone tramping along with his elastic tread at the usual twelve mile-an-hour rate. I had not proceeded more than a few paces when I saw Earl Granville coming from Carlton House Terrace, where he formerly resided. He was pale, faded, and bent. I could not help contrasting his worn out appearance with the vigour of his ever juvenile leader. Anybody who did not know their respective ages would have supposed Mr. Gladstone to be Earl Granville's junior, instead of six years his senior. Up to the last the lamented statesman kept up his fondness for riding. During the season he was one of the most familiar figures in the Row. The Prince of Wales, who like all the members of the Royal Family, had a great regard for Earl Granville, was very often his companion. The anti-Gladstonian writers, in their appreciations of his career, deal very slightly with the failures of the Foreign Policy which he carried out. It is believed that his supersession by his younger and more robust colleague, Lord Rosebery, was almost as severe a blow to him as was Sir Stafford Northcote's dismissal from the leadership of the House of Commons to that amiable Minister. Some people think that there were many points of resemblance between Earl Granville and the first Earl of Iddesleigh. Both were polished gentlemen, but in most respects their tastes were dissimilar. They had, however, this in common: they were both the objects of Lord Randolph Churchill's displeasure in the days when he was beginning to gain notoriety by means that he has since regretted. Earl Granville was the most placable of men but I doubt if he ever really forgave the then leader of the Fourth Party for his savage attack on Mr. Gladstone's Foreign Secretary—an attack that in point of form shocked even men who were as much opposed as Lord Randolph himself to the way in which our foreign affairs were being conducted. Rumour is busy as to the future occupant of the much-coveted Walmer Castle. In some quarters it is thought that it will become the residence of one of the Royalties. That Viscount Cross's name should be whispered as a possible recipient of this desirable piece of patronage, only shows how high, according to popular estimation, he stands in royal favour.

Mr. Caine is once more in hot water—apparently his favourite element. The *Times* yesterday published two long letters, one dated Calcutta, February 25, and signed "F." the other dated Allahabad, February 26, and signed "Anglo-Indian," sharply taking the ex-M.P. to account for his strictures in the *Pall Mall Gazette* on the Dum Dum murder. The publication of these letters, which perhaps would have not been less effective if they had borne the writer's names, was accompanied by a very vigorous leading article which thus concluded:—"In the meanwhile we have to express our entire concurrence in the view of our correspondent 'F.' that it is Mr. Caine's plain duty either publicly to withdraw the shameful and abominable charge which he has circulated against public servants of illustrious rank and unblemished honour, or to prove those charges to the hilt." Mr. Caine, as a friendly organ tells us this evening, wrote a reply yesterday and sent it with a private note to Mr. Buckle, begging him to insert it in to-day's issue, so that the complete correspondence should go out by the same mail. Mr. Caine's letter was returned to him accompanied by a note from the editor written in the third person and explaining why the reply was not inserted. I understand that one reason given was that certain references to the man O'Hara were libellous. Another was that the letter contained, what the *Pall Mall* out of sympathy for its contributor calls an "unkind but not unfair allusion to Pigottism." Here is the allusion referred to and your readers can judge for themselves whether it answers to the description given of it in Northumberland Street:

"I am very sorry indeed, that I cannot see my way to respond to your call to publicly withdraw shameful and abominable charges which I have never made. When it is brought home to me that I have made such charges I will be ready to make every apology and amends in my power. I have had to do this in my day. I don't like the job, but I would rather do it than not when I am proved wrong. I once distributed five thousand copies of a shameful and abominable charge known as 'Parnellism and Crime.' It was 'proved to the hilt' in public court that it was shameful and abominable, and I made the most public retractation in my power, sending it to every person to whom I had circulated the pamphlet. *You* were the author of that shameful and abominable charge, and when you have yourself publicly withdrawn and apologized for it, you may feel some justification in being 'constrained to infer' similar conduct in others, and clamour in leading articles for retractation."

"Some men are born to greatness, some men achieve greatness, and some men have greatness thrust upon them." The editor of "Men and Women of the Time" (the successor of the well-known "Men of the Time") says that it is not the first of these three classes, nor is it the last with which his work has to do; "it is the one which is the middle according to the poet's classification, but which is pre-eminently, and for all time, the first and foremost in every true estimate of their relative grandeur." This is a very good rule, but Mr. Washington Moon, in its interpretation, allows himself a fair amount of latitude. For example, it would be difficult for him or anyone else to describe the "greatness" that Mr. William Woodall has achieved. Yet Mr. Woodall figures in this book, I suppose, because he is a trustee of the Savage Club. For Sir John Strachey, Sir Charles Elliott, Sir Charles Bernard, and Sir Owen Burne to mention only a few whose names occur to me, this discriminating editor has not a line to spare. His sense of proportion also leaves something to be desired. Sir George Baden-Powell, who is industrious and pushing, but not exactly a great man, is honoured with a page and a half. Mr. Balfour is disposed of in about a sixth of the same space, while 17 lines are considered sufficient for so notable an Anglo-Indian as Sir Alfred Lyall. Even Mr. Goschen's "record" judged by its length pales in insignificance by the side of that of Sir George Baden-Powell. Of course, Captain O'Shea is in a way a man of the time; and no body will complain of his inclusion in the national Dictionary of contemporaries. But is not Mrs. O'Shea equally a woman of the time? If the career of one was described, surely that of the other should not be omitted. The introduction of the weaker sex, if Lady Florence Dixie will permit the expression, is an excellent new departure, but it has not been executed as carefully as it might have been. The Marchioness of Dufferin, to give a single illustration, certainly deserved better treatment than to be dismissed in one line as the eldest daughter of the late Captain Rowan Hamilton of Killy Leagh Castle, County Down. Let us hope that in the next edition her Ladyship will be given a notice all to herself. In glancing through the volume I have observed scarcely a single inaccuracy. A slight and amusing exception occurs in the article on Sir George Birdwood, who, we are told, wrote an introduction to "Indian Carpets," by Mrs. Vincent Robinson. Mr. Vincent Robinson may be expected to hear of this from his many friends.

A propos of the story that the Queen's journey to Grasse was delayed owing to one of the Eastern attendants amusing himself with the alarm the *World* grumbles at her Majesty for employing Indian servants. Mr. Edmond Yates, who, of course, knows everything, says that they are useless, though why they should be so is not evident. Indian servants in their own country, whatever faults they may possess, are not, I suppose as a rule, less useful members of Society than Society Editors. Certainly, the Queen's "boys" if they are not so handy are more ornamental than the two High landers or men in Highland dress who sit behind her Majesty in the Royal carriage. By the way, the Sovereign seems to be enjoying her visit to the Alpes-Maritimes. The local authorities do not seem able to make enough of her Majesty. Already a thoroughfare has had its name changed to that of Victoria, and if her Majesty stays too long, some of the feverish Republicans in the capital will, I fear, became jealous. The interchange of civilities between the President and the Queen will, it may be hoped, do something to soften the hearts of Frenchmen generally towards this country. It is perhaps a pity that the respective heads of the two neighbouring Governments cannot meet. M. Carnot is a citizen though he be no mere contemner of Royalties. As I told you some months ago on distinguished authority he is particularly desirous of making the acquaintance of the illustrious lady who is now enjoying the hospitality of the French nation. He was only kept by fear of the mob who stopped the playing of *Thermidor* the other day, from going to Aix-les-Bains, last spring, to pay his respects. He did not, however, quite show the common-sense with which he is generally credited when he expected that the Queen would come to him in Paris. Some months ago it was stated in some of the London papers that M. Carnot was to be the guest of the Queen during the coming season. As I think I mentioned at the time, the rumour was entirely without foundation. M. Carnot is more likely to be invited to Gatschina than to Windsor, especially now that he has been invested with the Grand Riband of the Legion of Honour. The general opinion here and among Francis' continental neighbours on the Easter gift to M. Carnot is that it was about time Russia, through her Emperor, showed some gratitude for the responsibilities that the French people are ready to undertake if they have not already undertaken on her behalf.

Mr. T. P. O'Connor's new paper the *Sunday Sun*, will, I hear, probably make its first appearance on the 3rd of May. A spirited engraving of aurora, in a chariot drawn by fiery steeds, will figure below the title. Rumour says that the capital £30,000 has all been subscribed in the United States, so "Pay Pay's" trip across the Atlantic was not after all a failure, so far as he is concerned. The *Sunday Sun* will not be a weekly print in the sense that the *Weekly Despatch*, *Lloyd's Weekly London Newspaper*, and the *People* are. Like the *Observer*, it is to give only the Saturday's news, but unlike the *Observer* it will be *fin de siecle* in its attractiveness. Nor will the *Sunday Sun* cater for Mr. T. P. O'Connor's friends, the horny handed sons of toil in the Oriental regions of this vast city. The latest journalistic venture will be essentially a West End paper. Mr. O'Connor and his friends evidently mean business. A West End Sunday paper to be successful and profitable should not be violently Gladstonian. In politics the *Sunday Sun* will, I am told, be moderate, in fact, almost neutral. One of its features is to be a liberal allowance of Society gup, and another the "gutting" of the most notable book of the week. Mr. O'Connor will be managing editor and his "news editor," to use an Americanism introduced into this country by the *Pall Mall Gazette*, will be a Mr. Porritt. Mr. Parke, Mr. O'Connor's old sub-editor of the *Star*, who came to grief over the Clevelan Street scandal, was offered the position. The size of the *Sunday Sun* will be the same as that of the *Observer*, and the price one penny. People are asking how long it will be before the *Observer* is obliged to come down from fourpence to the popular penny. If I am correctly informed, the new Irish journal is doing well. Its daily circulation averages 30,000, which is considered satisfactory.

Mr. Schwann, M.P., who is not deficient in energy at all events, last night, addressed the Manchester Geographical Society on his recent tour in India. One or two of the hon. member's statements, as reported in the *Manchester Guardian*, will probably excite some criticism in India. I refer especially to his remarks on "the maladministration of justice." That maladministration or miscarriage of justice came in," he said, "only when the race-feeling of the Anglo-Indian portion of the community was called into play. Justice between Hindoo and Hindoo or between Hindoo and Mahomedan was impartially administered, and no genuine complaint rose on that head. It was when an Englishman was in the dock that English juries, and he was sorry to say, judges seemed to lose their heads. The Jameson revelations had prepared the public to comprehend how Englishmen could degenerate when living long with more or less uncivilized races and to understand why Anglo-Indian writers and gentle Anglo-Indian ladies would never talk of the execution of a native without saying has another nigger been polished off not of the execution of an Englishman—when a conviction would be obtained against one, which was not easy, however glaring the crime—without its being said, in indignant terms, that another Englishman was to-day strangled 'to death in public!'" One would like to know the names of the "Anglo-Indian writers" and "gentle Anglo-Indian ladies" who use such vulgar language. Mr. Schwann, if he speaks from experience, was unfortunate in the acquaintance he made when in India. I daresay, a few readers of the *Bombay Gazette* number among the circle of their female friends or for the matter of that their male friends, a single one who would speak of even an unfortunate native murderer as a "nigger." Many ignorant people at home think that this offensive term is habitually employed by Anglo-Indians of all classes to natives, and the words I have quoted from Mr. Schwann's address will, it may be feared, strengthen that erroneous impression. A Colonial M.P., the Hon. Alfred Deakin, who has also been describing his visit to India, is more complimentary to Anglo-Indian administrators than some of their globe-trotting critics. Mr. Deakin went to India solely for the purpose of studying your irrigation systems. This is, what he said to an interviewer on returning to Melbourne:—"Indian irrigation is on by far the largest scale and by far the best of any in the world. As far as engineering work is concerned, it far exceeds anything else I have seen in Egypt, Italy, or America. The white people in the country don't know it. I was the first white man in the country who was not an official who went up the Sirhind Canal." Is it true that Europeans in India are unacquainted with the great engineering constructions to which the Australian legislator alludes? I am afraid it is only too true of Englishmen at home. At the end of the present month Colonel Hasted, of the Local Government Department, and formerly Public Works Secretary to the Madras Government, is to describe at the Society of Arts (Indian section) the Persian Project. Even among Anglo-Indians I have found the most hazy notions as to that ambitious irrigation scheme. As a nation, we do not make half enough of our work in India. Suppose, for example, the French were in our places and could boast of having accomplished what England has achieved in her Eastern Empire the case would be very different. The whole of the civilized world would be made familiar with her achievements and events now unknown to more than a handful of persons in England would be within the cognizance of every body. We make a great mistake in hiding our light under a bushel.

Professor Peterson, who, as I mentioned in a previous letter, will shortly return to Bombay, has joined the Organizing Committee of the International Congress of Orientalists, to be held next year. He has been asked to become the Secretary or one of the Secretaries for India.

I understand that the Special Committee that has been formed to promote the interests of the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography in India is being strengthened by the appointment of some non-official gentlemen. Mr. George Yule, as a former President of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and as representing the mercantile community, is one of those who have consented to serve. The Corporation of the City of London are to spend £2,000 in entertaining the delegates, and some of the other Municipalities are subscribing to the funds. Within the past week £100 has been voted by the Edinburgh Corporation and £50 by the Glasgow Corporation. *A propos* of the word "Demography" which is so puzzling to most people, I understand that it was coined by a French *savant*. He derived the term from the Greek *demos* and *graphia*. I find it defined in two up to date dictionaries. The *Century Dictionary* styles demographs "that department of anthropology which relates to vital and social statistics and their application to the comparative study of races and of nations." Nuttall's definition is as follows:—"That department of science which treats of statistics as regards health and disease in connection with births, marriages, and deaths."

VOLUNTEER PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

The distribution of prizes of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery took place in the Town Hall on Saturday night. The hour fixed for the event was 9 o'clock and Brigadier-General Badgen, Commanding the Bombay District, arrived punctually at that hour, Major Roughton then addressed those who were present, and before the prizes were distributed read out the list of the winners.

THE WHEAL CUP COMPETITION.

This competition took place during the annual camp at Mahalaxmi, Lieutenant-Colonel Pearse, C.R.A., being the judge. Four teams entered for the competition and it was a very keen one. Much difficulty was experienced by the judge in selecting the best and second best team, which ended finally in Sergeant S. W. Chart's team being declared the winners of the cup, and gold medals, and Sergeant Bockerleg's team the silver medals.

The following were the teams:—

Gold Medals, No. 4 Sub-Division.—Sergeant S. W. Chart, Corporal A. F. Turner, Bombardier W. Carter, Gunner Marsland, Gunner Nye, Gunner Levick, Gunner Jeffries, Gunner W. Jackson, Gunner N. Randle, and Gunner Leask.

Silver Medals, No. 3 Sub-Division.—Sergeant Bockerleg, Bombardier Barrow, Gunner Fraser, Gunner Douglas, Gunner Knowles, Gunner Phipps, Gunner Wright, Gunner Bachman, Gunner Mulcahy, and Gunner Stewart.

Major Roughton much regretted that the gold and silver medals had not arrived from England, but he hoped, that they would be in Bombay in a few days, when they would be distributed to the two winning detachments.

The carbine prizes were as follows:—

1st.—For the highest score in the annual course, Rs. 50—Gunner Bond.

2nd.—For the highest score in the annual course, Rs. 25—Gunner Bachman.

3rd.—For the highest score in the annual course, Rs. 15—Gunner Douglas.

4th.—For the highest score in recruits course, Rs. 25—Gunner Taylor.

5th.—Second for the highest score in recruits course, Rs. 15—Gunner B. F. Jones,

Carbine prizes presented by Major G. W. Roughton.

For the highest aggregate at 200 and 500 yards Rs. 50—Gunner W. H. Jackson.

For the highest score at 200 yards, Rs. 25—Sergeant Tate.

For the highest score at 500 yards, Rs. 25—Gunner Douglas.

Prizes for range-finding.

1st prize, Rs. 30, Gunner Phillimore.

2nd prize, Rs. 20, Corporal Turner.

After the prizes were distributed Brigadier-General Badgen then addressed the assembly. He said that it afforded him great pleasure to have been called upon to distribute the prizes to the Volunteer Artillery. He considered the best competition was that of the Wheal Cup, and was very glad that he had not been appointed to act as judge on that competition, as he would have had great difficulty in selecting the best team, all the team having worked in splendid style. They could not have had a better judge than Lieutenant-Colonel Pearse, C.R.A. He said he watched the several teams, but when he saw Sergeant Chart walk up with his detachment, he thought that he would be a very difficult man to beat. Although Sergeant Chart's team were declared, the winner of the cup and gold medals, the other teams were not far behind. (Applause.) He also informed the Volunteers that they had acquitted themselves very creditably in the recent military manœuvres. He said that the excellent working of one of the guns in the Mahaluxmi Fort, by a detachment of the Volunteer Artillery, had elicited the praise of the Commander-in-Chief and he knew that if there were a case of need they would acquit themselves as creditably, and if such time arrives, some of the guns would be set aside for working by the Volunteer Artillery. (Applause.) With regard to the carbine competition, Brigadier-General Budgen told those present that although gunnery was the principal part of an artilleryman's duties, he should be able to use his carbine, and he congratulated the prize-winners. The General also congratulated Gunner Phillimore on having succeeded in taking the range-finding prize, as range-finding was very essential in time of emergency, and although Gunner Phillimore was not present, he asked that his congratulation should be conveyed to him. The present strength of the No. 2 Battery, he was glad to see, was over 55, and that the capitation grant was about Rs. 400 in excess of that of last year, the total being about Rs. 3,000 He hoped that next year would be Rs. 6,000 No. 2 battery had fine accommodation in Nesbit Hall for their drills, and he hoped it would not be long before No. 2 battery was as strong as No. 1. Before concluding the General said that he had heard of a complaint casually from Major Roughton, formulated by the ladies who were not satisfied because their husbands were called away to their artillery duties and thus prevented from prior engagement being kept. He said that the Volunteers had been got up for the likes and that they should rather encourage those who belonged to it to attend to their artillery duties. If they had had the Volunteers in days gone by, there would not have been that horrible butchery of women and children in the Indian Mutiny. (Applause.) General Budgen then congratulated Major Roughton on the fine body of men he had at his command, and he hoped that if he met them next year again, he would see double the number present.

The floor was then cleared for dancing which was kept up until a late hour.

DEPARTURE OF MR. JUSTICE SCOTT.

MR. JUSTICE SCOTT, of the Bombay High Court, who has been appointed the Legal Adviser to the Khedive's Government, came to Bombay some days ago to settle his private affairs, and left on Saturday by the mail steamer Assam to take charge of his new appointment in Egypt. Mr. Scott drove over from his bungalow in a carriage and pair which arrived at the Apollo Bunder at 1 p. m., when he was cordially greeted with the good wishes of many friends in Bombay. Mr. Hassumbhoy Visram, a Khoja merchant, having placed a garland of flowers round his neck, and presented him with a bouquet of flowers, Mr. Justice Scott expressed his acknowledgments, and having conversed and shaken hands with those present, he left for the mail boat in Mr. H. W. Uloth's steam-launch amidst rounds of cheers. Among those present at the Bunder were Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., Dr. Weir, Messrs. J. W. Orr, H. Curwen, Hassumbhoy Visram, R. D. Setna, Bhaishunker Nanabhai, D. R. Chichgar, Shivajee Dharmajee, Nusserwanji Byramjee Secretary, Jamsetji Cursetjee Jamsetjee, Cowasjee Merwanjee Shroff, Ellapa Ballaram, &c.

THE MIRANZAI FIELD FORCE.

BOMBAY has not been without its share in the preparations for the Miranzai Field Force. During the last three or four days, the local Commissariat authorities have had a busy time of it in collecting and despatching stores, medicaments, and provisions for the use of the force. On Saturday last, a special train of the B. B. and C. I. Railway left from the Sassoon Dock for Khooshalghur, carrying three medical officers, two sergeants, and 120 men; also the necessary paraphernalia of three native field hospitals. The Store-keeper General of the Commissariat received the order for the required stores only on Wednesday last; and their collection and despatch in three days shows the admirable organisation and energy of the Department concerned.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—April 3.

ARRIVALS REPORTED.

Mr D R Lyall, B C S.	Maj E Lloyd, B S C.
Mr A W B Power, B C S.	Capt C A R Browne, R E.
Mr R P Russell, B.	Lieut T Jermyn, B S C.
Mr E E Oliver, B.	Mr F W Ashpitel, M.
Mr J N A Eaton, R.	Col A Anderson, M Inf.
Lieut-Col G M Abbott, B S C.	Mr G A Savielle, Bo.
Maj W Hill, B S C.	Lieut C G Nurse, Bo S C.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Mr M J J P Norman, B, 6 mos.	Surg-Maj W A C Rae, B, 6 mos.
Lieut-Col H Paterson, B S C, 5 mos.	Mr S Russell, M C S, 3 mos.
Lieut E S Cooper, B S C, 6 mos.	Surg-Maj A F Dobson, M, 10 days.
Lieut R M Betham, Bo SC.	Maj C A de N Lucas, Bo S C, 6 mos.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

Lieut-Col G M Abbott, B S C.	Capt G S Kerrich, M S C.
Capt H H Barnet, B R E.	Surg-Maj A K Stewart, Bo.
Rev V W Kinsman, B E E.	

ENGLISHMEN woke up after their Easter outing, writes a home paper, to read with a thrill of horror of the terrible disaster which had befallen Mr. Quinton and his force in Manipur. Happily, the first account proved to be exaggerated. The *Times* spoke of the affair as the most serious disaster to British arms in India since the battle of Maiwand. The *Standard* was reminded of Bhutan, and the *Daily News* compared the trouble on the Indian frontier to a spark near a powder magazine. Englishmen, generally, when they recovered from the first shock which such unexpected news caused, regarded the catastrophe as part of the price which we must pay for our Imperial position. The fate of the gallant Goorkhas inspired tributes on all sides to their loyalty and courage, whilst the prompt action of the Indian Government was, of course, heartily approved. The ludicrous is never far removed from the tragic, and our readers will be amused to learn that a representative French journal hails the treachery of the Manipuris as indicating the spread of ideas of political emancipation in India.

IN "A Colonial Tramp" (Ward and Downey) Mr. Hume Nesbet says he fell in love with Ceylon, but seems to have got mixed as to details:—"A pleasant place to idle in is this 'pearl-drop' of India, and altogether novel to the English eye, with its temples and palm-groves, its cinnamon-gardens, and ever-changing groupings of gentle-faced natives. I thought myself an adept in telling the difference between male and female until I landed at Colombo; but now my ideas on the subject are vague and doubtful, for, like the lady who came here and took a maid, trusting to external appearance I was for ever making mistakes and vowing that the men were women; the only difference being that men are more graceful and beautiful, having the least work to do and dressing finer while the women work in the fields and look coarser.'

H. E. THE GOV

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE laying of the third Bombay-Aden Cable was successfully completed yesterday afternoon.

THE branch line of the Southern Mahratta Railway comprising the Kolhapur State Railway between Miraj and Kolhapur will be opened for traffic to-morrow.

ANOTHER addition has been made to the already large class who hold Calcutta University degrees. From the returns just published it appears that there are 174 new B.A.s and 133 B.L.s, while 761 candidates have passed the First Arts Examination. Of the B.A.s 72 graduated with honours: 22 in English; and 21 in Sanskrit. Of the First Arts list, no fewer than 542 belong to the third division, there being only 31 in the first division.

In the *Indian Magazine* the lecture recently delivered by Mr. James Routledge before a meeting of the National Indian Association, on the subject of "Indian Students and English Influences," is reprinted *in extenso*. "In India," by Surg-Genl. C. R. Francis, M. B., is continued, the topic discussed being that of leave to native employes, the various Indian customs with which it is practically indispensable that European residents should be familiar being dealt with.

THE Government authorities disavow any intention of sending an expedition to the Soudan. The capture of Tokar, which was effected at small cost, prevents the Dervishes from securing a permanent settlement in the food-producing district near Suakin.

AN amusing incident occurred while Mr. Parnell was speaking at his hotel at Sligo on Thursday (2nd ult.) when some Nationalists rang the fire bell, and, rushing into the station, said there was a fire at the Imperial Hotel. They obtained possession of the escape, and ran it through the street to the hotel, placing it against the window of the room in which Mr. Parnell was speaking. Eventually the police, seeing the joke, regained possession of the escape, which was followed by a jeering crowd to the station.

ALTHOUGH the matter has not yet got into the papers, much anxiety is felt (the *World* says) at the disappearance in Persia of the promising young officers, Captain Edmund Barton and Captain Vaughan, the former one of the eight soldier sons of General Barton, the author of "An Indian Olio" and "Reminiscences of Sport in India." Captains Barton and Vaughan, having obtained a year's leave, left India in the autumn with the intention of prospecting a new route, the Russian frontier through an unexplored portion of Persia. Although they were timed to reach England in March at the latest, nothing whatever has been heard of them since they set out from Yezd in November.

MR. MARION CRAWFORD has just finished a new two-volume novel, "Khaled," a story of the East.

SIR STEUART C. BAYLEY (of the India Office), Mr. Austin Dobson, and Prof. T. E. Thorpe (of the Royal College of Science) have been specially elected by the committee to be members of the Athenæum Club.

SIR WILLIAM HUNTER is (the London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* understands) busily engaged on a "History of India." Since his return from the East, he has resided in Oxford, and likes the neighbourhood so much that he is building himself a house four miles from the University city.

AT Brighton, before the Registrar (a local correspondent writes), Miss Gladys Knowles, who recently recovered £6,500 damages from Mr. Leslie Duncan, was married to Mr. Prager, a London dentist. Several near relations of the bride were present at the ceremony, after which Mr. and Mrs. Prager left for the Continent to spend the honeymoon.

THE cases of leprosy which have been discovered at Victoria, British Columbia, prove to be of the Oriental type. Immediate steps will be taken to return the sufferers to their own countries.

THE correspondent of the *Standard* telegraphed from Paris on March 29:—A telegram from St. Petersburg, announces that information had just been received there from Teheran to the effect that the Persian Government had decided to give the English the privilege of coining the money. A functionary of the English Exchequer had, according to this telegram, arrived at Teheran to assume the functions of Representative of the British Government at the Central State Bank of Persia.

ON April 9 a paper on "The Indian Village Community, with Special Reference to Modern Investigation," was to be read before the Indian section of the Society of Arts, John-street, Adelphi, by B H. Baden-Powell, C.I.E., late Bengal C.S. (Punjab).

LORD DUFFERIN arrived in London on April 2 from Italy, and later visited the Foreign Office.

MR. CECIL RHODES, the Premier of Cape Colony, who arrived at Cape Town on March 31 on board the Union Company's steamship Mexican, reports that everything connected with the affairs of the British South Africa Company in Mashonaland is very satisfactory, and that after two months' interval, during which communication with the company's pioneers has interrupted by the rains, he has just received important intelligence by way of Buluwayo, stating that the richness and extent of the gold reefs are extraordinary.

M. PIQUET, Governor of Indo-China, who is about to return to France was instructed to defer his departure till April 5, in order that he may receive the Czarevitch, who is expected at Saigon on March 27.

REAR-ADMIRAL F. C. B. ROBINSON left London on March 26 by the British Indian steamer Manora for Trincomalee, where Admiral Robinson is to assume the command of the East Indies Station about April 25. Mrs. Robinson and party are also passengers by the Manora.

The statistical tables issued by the Board of Trade relating to emigration and immigration from and into the United Kingdom during 1890 show a decrease in the former and an increase in the latter. Thus the total number of emigrants, including foreigners to places outside Europe, was last year 315,980, as compared with 342,641 in 1889, and 398,494 in 1888; while if foreigners be excluded the British and Irish emigrants, decreased in numbers from 279,928 and 253,795 in 1888 and 1889, to 218,116 in 1890. On the other hand, the immigrants, including foreigners, increased in numbers from 128,879 and 147,398 in 1888 and 1889, to 155,910 last year, those of British and Irish origin having increased in even larger proportion—namely, from 94,133 in 1888 to 103,070 in 1889, and 109,470 in the past year. According to former experience, however, a decline from the present point is to be looked for as regards immigration. Of the total 315,980 emigrants, no fewer than 233,522 went to the United States of America, the next highest number, 31,897, going to British North America, 21,570 to Antralasia, 12,083 to Cape of Good Hope and Natal, and the remaining 16,908 to "other places." Of the grand total; 76,081 went as cabin passengers, and 239,899 went steerage; and as many as 190,785 started from Liverpool. The 155,910 immigrants from places outside Europe were furnished by the United States of America to the number of 115,861, British North America supplying 10,414, Australasia 10,385, Cape of Good Hope and Natal 7,607, and "all other places" 11,643.

THE summer exhibitions in London will include one for the products of ancient and modern Cyprus.

THE ceremony of enthroning the Bishop of Worcester was performed at Worcester Cathedral on April 2.

PROF. TYNDAL is suffering from inflammation of both lungs. His condition has slightly improved.

THE Glasgow Town Council has decided to purchase Mr. Whistler's portrait of Thomas Carlyle for 1,000gs.

THE doctors sent to Algiers to examine the Grand Duke George, who is on board the Admiral Nachimow, report that to his Imperial Highness's health is far from satisfactory, although it gives cause for no immediate apprehension. The Prince is suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis, and the doctors are of opinion that he ought not to go to Corfu to meet the Czarina as was intended. He will accordingly remain with his ship at Algiers.

THE British and German Governments have made common cause with that of Austria-Hungary in protesting against the proposed increase of the Servian octroi duties on coffee, sugar, oil, and colonial products. The three Powers consider that the imposition of these duties is contrary to their treaties of commerce with Servia, which expire in October 1892.

A DISCREET silence is maintained here, says the Berlin correspondent of the *Times*, over the circumstance that the Emperor has allowed Prince Bismarck's birthday to pass without sending him the usual conventional greetings. This is the more remarkable as his Majesty is usually lonacious of conventional courtesies, and never allows an opportunity of exercising them to slip, as witness, for instance, his message to Professor Max Muller.

THE Skuptschina has voted a credit of 10,000,000 francs for the purchase of new guns. The Parliamentary Session will be closed on the 13th inst.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF THE 3RD APRIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steam-ship Peninsular, Captain A. C. Logan, with the Overland Mails of 3rd April, arrived in Bombay harbour at midnight on Saturday. She brought the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Mr and Mrs Ledward and infant
Mr and Mrs Black
Mr Blore
Mrs L R Davis
Mr Justice Jardine
Mr Higgins and child
Mr Chilton
Surg-Maj L P Carson
Mr H F Weston
Surgeon B D Basu
Mrs Davis and child
Col G de C Morton
Mrs Fenis
Mr A Streathenam
Mr F F G Pike
2nd Lt H E Platt
Mr G L Graham
Mrs Ella

FROM BRINDISI.

Mrs Smith
Prof. Roach
Le-Genl Brackenbury
Mr A S Dyer
Mr H C Knox
Col A Buller
Mr V Bayley
Mr W Hugh Browne
Mr A Bercombio
Mrs C A Goodfellow
Mrs Fulton
Mr J G Barkley
Mrs A Drewett
Mr E J Birch
Mr Ashworth
Mr D S Sinclair
Mr H S Beyts
Mr R Knox
Mr Ollivant
Mr A T Pringle
Mr R A Nelson

FROM ADEN.

Sergeant Reddington
Mr Wyer

THE WEEK'S MAIL SUMMARY.

LONDON APRIL 3.

THE COURT.

The Queen, on Monday, witnessed from a balcony at the Grand Hotel, Grasse, a carnivade and the battle of flowers, and was cordially greeted by the procession.

The Empress Frederick and the Princess Margaret of Prussia arrived at Buckingham Palace on Tuesday, from Sandringham.

The Duke of Cambridge returned to London from the Continent on Tuesday.

The Marquis and Marchioness of Salisbury and Lady Gwendolen Cecil are now on a visit to Monte Carlo.

Earl Granville died on Tuesday afternoon, in London, after an illness of several weeks' duration. Expressions of condolence with the Countess and family in their bereavement have been received from the Queen, the Empress Frederick, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and other distinguished persons.

Major Claude Macdonald has been appointed her Majesty's Commissioner and Consul-General in the Oil Rivers Protectorate and the adjoining native territories.

POLITICAL.

In a correspondence between Sir F. Milner, M.P., and Mr. Gladstone, respecting a statement in his recent speech at Hastings, the latter says that he did not accuse the majority of the Tory party of supporting Mr. Parnell in his Irish quarrel, but he spoke from declarations that had come before him and from statements of individuals in high position.

The Earl of Pembroke, Mr. Brodrick, Financial Secretary to the War Office, and Lord Folkstone spoke at a Primerose League gathering near Salisbury, on Easter Monday.

Lord Northbrook and Mr. Chamberlain spoke at a Liberal Unionist Conference at Portsmouth yesterday.

GENERAL.

The usual Easter holiday manœuvres were conducted during several days at Dover, Brighton, and Portsmouth, large bodies of Volunteers co-operating with regular troops in sham fights and other movements. The Duke of Cambridge, who had just crossed from the Continent, was present at the operations near Dover on Eastern Monday.

The weather being on the whole fine, though cold, on Monday (the Bank Holiday), most places of amusement in and around London were thronged with visitors.

A match at billiards, which had been proceeding for nearly a fortnight, between two celebrated players, was concluded on Saturday. John Roberts, jun., the champion, who had conceded 12,000 out of 24,000 points to Peall, was beaten by the latter by 2,590 points.

A fire broke out last Friday morning in a house at Bethnal-green and one child was burnt to death, two other children being dangerously injured. Their mother also was killed in leaping from an upper window. A fire also occurred on the same day in a house at Woolwich, and an old woman was burnt to death. A fire was discovered on Saturday among the corgo of cotton on board the Inman steamer City of New York lying in Birkenhead Docks, and much damage was done.

At Newton Abbot railway station, on Monday night, a young sailor and a young woman, while trying to enter a train that was in motion, fell between the platform and the carriage wheels and were both killed.

IRELAND.

Sir H. James spoke on Wednesday night at a large Unionist Demonstration held in Ulster-hall, Belfast, and was very enthusiastically received. He was accompanied by Lord Wolmer.

In Sligo on Saturday there was great excitement. Mr. Parnell and Mr. Davitt were both expected in the town to arrive, and bodies of their respective supporters awaited their arrival. Mr. Parnell addressed a meeting in the Town hall, after some free fighting outside, which was only prevented from becoming very serious by the intervention of the police. On Sunday active electioneering work was carried on by both parties, and some disturbances took place, which again necessitated the interference of the Royal Irish Constabulary. The polling took place yesterday, but the result will not be known till this afternoon.

The executive of the Irish Loyal and Patriotic Union in Dublin have unanimously resolved that it is undesirable that Unionists should take either side in Irish Parliamentary contests between the opposite sections of the Separatist party.

The Tipperary riot trial at Cashel was verging to a conclusion on Friday last, and the Judge had begun his charge to the jury, when a fire broke out in the roof of the Court-house. The Court was immediately cleared of all officials, prisoners, and spectators, and in a short time the entire building was on fire, and eventually was completely gutted. The trial was continued on Saturday, and ended in the acquittal of three of the accused, and the jury disagreeing in the cases of Mr. O'Brien Dalton and and Mr. Gill, M.P. The latter two prisoners were released on bail, pending a decision as to a new trial.

COLONIAL.

The Candian Government has sent Senator Howlan on a mission to Newfoundland, with a view to induce that colony to join Canada in negotiations for reciprocity with the United States.

An official notification has been made from Newfoundland to the Canadian Government that the Bait Act will be enforced against all fishing vessels.

A great public meeting was held at St. John's, Newfoundland, on Saturday, at which resolutions were adopted protesting strongly against Lord Knutsford's Bill, and demanding the extinction of the French treaty rights. The delegates to England leave the colony on the 6th inst.

The Queensland authorities are adopting measures to prevent disturbances in the pastoral districts, whither large bodies of armed men on strike have proceeded, with the declared intention of compelling a cessation of works. Troops have been sent and special constables have been sworn in at the threatened points. The Anglo-Portugese negotiations are stated to be at a standstill, the Portuguese Government strongly objecting to any inclusion of the West African province in the treaty.

FOREIGN.

Baron de Fava, Italian Minister at Washington, has presented his letters of recall on account of his Government's dissatisfaction at the delay of the American Government in dealing with the recent lynching of Italians at New Orleans. This diplomatic incident has produced considerable excitement on both sides of the Atlantic, but it is not thought probable that it will result in a serious rupture of friendly relations between the two Powers concerned.

Five Italian prisoners, at New Orleans, who escaped the mob of lynchers lately, have now been released under nominal recognizances, and it is understood that they will not be brought to trial.

There has been some severe naval fighting between the leading Chilian parties near Valparaiso.

The intention of electing Prince Bismark to the Reichstag is still entertained in Hanover, and it is considered not improbable that, if returned, the Prince will not refuse to accept the sent.

An important alteration is about to be made in the French criminal law. First offenders after being sentenced will be released upon recognizances, and if they are not brought again for five years under the condemnation of the law the sentence will not be enforced.

The Austrian Government has protested against the proposed Servian octroi duties on certain articles, and since then the British and German Governments have taken a similar course.

M. Stambuloff, the Bulgarian Premier, and M. Beltchoff, Minister of Finance, were rereturning to their official residences in Sofia on Friday night, when an unknown man suddenly fired three shots at M. Beltchoff, who fell dead immediately. The assassin escaped, but several arrests have been made.

The Paris papers express great satisfaction with the conduct of the Newfoundland fishery difficulty by Lord Salisbury, but they add that, by assenting to arbitration on certain points, France in no degree abandons her treaty rights.

An International Miners' Congress is now sitting in Paris, at which many English, Belgian, and other foreign delegates are present. Among the labour subjects discussed are strikes, hours of labour, and arbitration.

The members of the Bonaparte family met at Moncaliery on Tuesday and formally recognized Prince Victor as their head.

OBITUARY OF THE WEEK.—D. I. G. of Hospitals J. Sanderson, Mad. Ret.; Col. G. E. Fryer, Mad. C.; Col. F. H. Tompson: Mad, Ret.; Surg.-Maj. J. E. Batho, Ba. Ret; Earl Granville, Lord Truro; Mr. T. C. Baring, M.P.; the Hon. J. M. Macrosan; Richard Pilling; M. Poyer-Quertier; Dowager Countess of Annesley: Marchioness Doweger of Donegall.

MR. H. M. STANLEY has intimated his intention of starting on his long-promised lecturing tour in Australia next October, opening in Melbourne and subsequently visiting South Australia, New South Wales, and New Zealand.

THE Queen has been pleased to confer a captaincy in the Welsh Regiment upon Lieut. W. G. Stairs, now Adjutant of the Royal Engineers at Aldershot, in recognition of his services as an African explorer.

THE *Siecle*, referring to the nomination of Mr. Corbett and Mr. Bernard, a Belgian, as judges, of the Court of Appeal in Egypt, says that, in face of England's systematic exclusion of the French element from Egypt, it becomes necessary to bring public opinion in France to bear upon the Chambers, so that the next session may not be allowed to pass without obtaining important pledges from the Government in regard to its future attitude in the Egyptian Question.

MR. SCHWANN, M.P., ON INDIA.

ON April 2, Mr. C. E. Schwann, M.P., who with Mrs. Schwann, has recently returned from a tour in India, gave an address to the members of the Manchester Geographical Society. The meeting, which was held in the Memorial Hall, was presided over by Mr. J. Irlam, who in the name of the society, extended a cordial welcome to Mr. Schwann.

Mr. Schwann, M. P., said he did not propose to enter into the social life and political habits of the various races who inhabited India, but no doubt some general idea would be gained of the present civilisation of the natives, as well as of the English race, who took so prominent a part in the direction of the affairs of that most important portion of the British Empire. Having described the incidents of his voyage from Brindisi to Bombay, and referred to the subjects which interested him upon landing in connection with the city and its inhabitants, Mr. Schwann said he was afforded an opportunity, through the kindness of the Hon. Mr. Telang, one of the Judges of the High Court of Bombay, of seeing something as to the present position of education among the Hindoo girls of the middle class. Education among the Hindoos in Bombay was not in a satisfactory state; it did not reflect credit upon them that only 2 per cent. of their children were at school. It was not so with the Parsees, who were wealthy and exceedingly generous, both to their own people and to other races whenever need arose, and who educated all classes of their co-religionists admirably. Their schools were a pleasure to behold, with every modern convenience and appliance, beginning with the kindergarten system for infants and going on with secondary and higher education until the students were able to enter the University. There were 100 per cent. of Parsee children at school in Bombay city, and 60 to 70 per cent. of European and Eurasian. Having quoted a passage from the recent work on India by Sir John Strachey, with reference to the precautions taken by our military chiefs in India to guard against a repetition of the Indian Mutiny, he said that as to the Invasion of India by Russia, such a thing seemed to him perfectly ludicrous. He was not, however, a military man, and his opinion was worth little or nothing. But he looked at the fact that Turkey as nearly as possible defeated Russia in their last conflict, and that Russia was at a tremendous distance from her base of operations and her resources. Of course, aided by serious disaffection in India, she might become dangerous; but he believed that though the Hindoo might not love us, he was not so stupid or so bereft of intelligence as to prefer to the conscientious, if sometimes mistaken government, of our English Civil Servants, aided by numbers of native officials, the grasping savagery and peculation of a pack of needy Muscovite bureaucrats. Continuing an account of his journey, Mr. Schwann described the cities of Delhi and Agra, whence, he said, their route lay through Cawnpore to Lucknow, with their melancholy associations of the Indian Mutiny. At Lucknow they saw the reduced families of the ancient Nabobs of Oude. If report spoke truly some of those families and their hangers-on were not only not models of propriety, but had the reputation of being much demoralised and degraded in their tastes and habits, and opium-smoking had given the *coup de grace* many among them. Opium-smoking was, *par excellence*, the vice of the vicious and the incentive to licentiousness; but in that it did not differ much from alcoholic drink. From all account, however, opium caused a deeper degradation of mind and body, and, if his informants were to be believed, in many cases was the immediate cause of madness and often distortion of the limbs and countenance. He was particularly anxious to learn what was thought in Lucknow about that, because where over opposition was raised in England to the opium traffic it was always urged that the pictures of physical deformity brought by Dr. Legge and others from China were frauds, and that opium was used to "ward off fever," was "most beneficial in its effects," &c. Against such statements he would set the deliberate opinion of his Lucknow friends that opium was a curse, and the destroyer of honour, health, and happiness. The wealthy Mussulmans who practised the use of opium had a system in their houses set apart for smoking opium, and they invited their friends to join them in the stupefying process. The poorer classes smoked in opium dens, and a visit to one of them was instructive, if not edifying. After visiting the sacred city of Benares Mr. Schwann proceeded to Calcutta, whence an excursion was made to Darjeeling, which latter place, he observed, was as near heaven as one could conveniently get on earth. It was more than one. Perhaps the fact that India was, as a rule, so flat and level, caused one to rate the mighty Himalayas at more than their real value. But it was not easy to overrate the grand and peerless peaks covered with their weight of eternal snow. After a graphic account of the beauties of Darjeeling, Mr. Schwann said he had now to refer to a most serious subject, and one which should be understood by the English at home, because the maladministration of justice in one respect did more than perhaps anything else to irritate the Indian people against our rule. That maladministration or miscarriage of justice came in only when the race-feeling of the Anglo-Indian portion of the community was called into play. Justice between Hindoo and Hindoo, or between Hindoo and Mahomedan was impartially administered and no genuine complaints arose on that head. It was when an Englishman was in the dock that English juries and, he was sorry to say, judges seemed to lose their heads. The Jameson revelations had prepared the public to comprehend how Englishmen could degenerate when living long with more or less uncivilised races, and to understand why Anglo-Indian ladies and gentle Anglo-Indian ladies could never talk of the execution of a native without saying that "another nigger had been polished off," nor of the execution of an Englishman—when a conviction could be obtained against one, which was not easy, however glaring the crime—without its being said, in indignant terms, that "another Englishman was to-day strangled to death in public."

In concluding his address Mr. Schwann said of the gentle manners of the Hindoos as a rule, and of their good temper and good behaviour, even when assembled in the streets in vast crowds, he could scarcely expect to convey any impression. Never was a nation more blessed with critics anxious to point out their mental, moral, and physical defects. The very subtlety of the intelligence of the Bengalees was triumphantly quoted against them, and their moral nature was said to be stunted and distorted as their physical growth was declared to be puny and weak. Martial heroes, fresh from the cricket-fields of Eton, their thews and sinews built up on the roast beef of old England, had nothing but lofty scorn for the emaciated limbs of a submissive peasantry fed upon rice or millet, and daily exposed to the rays of a burning sun. The shady habitz of the natives were dilated upon in every term of reproach, and the embezzlement of a native bank clerk was descanted upon with virtuous indignation by Anglo-Indians who conveniently forgot the Redpath, and the Colies, and the secretaries of building and benefit societies who so often disappeared with funds which did not belong to them, even in this immaculate country. He supposed that the Hindoos were no more free from faults than any other nation, and that oppression by the Muslom and climatic influences would tell their tale on character but in every country there were infinite varieties of character, and no one could justly draw an indictment against a whole nation. If the Indian people needed guidance, all the more was it incumbent on their fellow-subjects to show sympathy for their weakness and ignorance. The real friends of India were those who, in the words of the biographer of Lord Lawrence, "know the natives and sympathise with them, and have learnt to love them; who, in the spirit of a truly imperial race, look upon themselves as the servants of those whom they rule, who rule by serving them, and do everything that in them lies to bridge over the yawning gulf which, by our fate or by our fault, still separates colour from colour, race from race, and creed from creed. Till that gulf can be in some measure bridged over, whatever our good intentions, and whatever the benefits of our rule—and they are neither few nor small—we still, disguise it as we will, hold India by the sword; and so long as we hold it by the sword alone we hold it by the least satisfactory and the most precarious of tenures."—(Applause).

ENGLAND PORTUGAL AND AFRICA.

THE Lisbon correspondent of the *Times* telegraphed on March 29:—It is rumoured that serious incidents at Mozambique have obliged the Governor-General to ask permission of the Government to proclaim a state of siege in Manica and Sofala. It is reported that the British South Africa Company's agent incited the native chiefs to revolt in order to give rise to a conflict, which it is believed has occurred, and that the English having invaded Manica a state of siege has been declared, and all available troop, including the expeditionary force from this place have been sent into the interior.

A Reuter telegram from Lisbon, of March 31, on the other hand, says:—The reports that a collision had occurred between the British and Portuguese in Manical and are denied.

The *Times* correspondent, telegraphing from Lisbon on March 31, says:—The Anglo-Portuguese negotiations appear to be at a standstill. It is said that the Portuguese Government strongly objects to any inclusion of the West Africa Province in the treaty.

The state of siege in Manica and Sofala, mentioned in my telegram of March 29, was declared by the Governor-Genegal, owing to the presence of agents of the British South Africa Company, who returned after learning that the negotiations with the Mozambique Company for amalgamation had not been concluded. I have reason to believe that all the preliminaries for amalgamation or for a mutual agreement respecting economical and commercial matters had been arranged, and that the agents of both companies were ready to act on a certain day, when the Governor-General, not knowing the plan of the Government and believeing that the country was being betrayed, sent in his resignation. He had previously applied for and obtained authority to declare a state of siege, but it was only to be used in certain contingencies. I understand that the Government approved the plan of amalgamation as a means of getting better terms in the treaty negotiations, the British South Africa Company being thought here to be all-powerful in England.

Popular opinion, adds the correspondent, is strongly against amalgamation of the two African companies, as it is held here to mean the ultimate loss of the province of Mozambique. The nation would prefer to have the South African question definitively settled in any other way. If the thirty-third degree of longitude were made the boundary of the Portuguese possessions serious objections would not be raised, because that district is known to be mostly grazing land.

The same correspondent says:—I am able to confirm the statement that the steamer Countess of Carnarvon ascended and descended the Limpopo without any arms whatever, and that she went to fetch Dr. Jameson. The Portuguese Government now lays great stress on the action of the Countess of Carnarvon in disregarding the signals made to her when entering the Limpopo.

THE EASTER VOLUNTEER MANŒUVRES.

SUCCESS OF THE "INVADERS."

THE mobolisation of the West London and South London Brigades at Dower and the neighbouring garrisons took place on Friday, 27th ult., Preliminary to the grand attack on Monday, 31st ult., a skirmish between the forces commanded by Col. Stracey and Lord Abinger respectively took place near St. Radigund's Abbey on Saturday. The weather was very stormy, and the troops, on their return to Dover, were wet through. The General commanding reported favourably on the whole operations, but pointed out various shortcomings in the mode of attack and defence. On Monday the Duke of Cambridge witnessed the operations, which were a continuation of the manœvres on Saturday when Col. Stracey confronted an invader from Hythe. The attacking force was commanded by Maj-Gen Le Quesne and the defenders by Col J C Russell. Thirteen thousand men, including four thousand regulars, were engaged. The weather was fine throughout. Many thousands of spectators witnessed the evolutions. There was a "fierce fight" lasting nearly three hours, from noon until two. The "general idea" involved a great battle. the invaders moving out with cavalry, artillery, and infantry to drive in the field force of the defenders and sieze the high ground west of Dover. By a clever manœuvre on the part of the "enemy" the defenders were eventually caught in a sort of vice. They closed up the ranks so as to present, if possible, one front to the enemy, but they were bound to retive, which eventually they did the invaders finding themselves in a position to proceed their attack on Dover fortress. The Commander-in-Chief was entertained at luncheon by the Mayor at Dover in the grounds of The Elms, and a march past before His Royal Highness followed in Elms Vale. The Duke of Cambridge issued the following general order at night:—"The Commander-in-Chief was much pleased with the appearance of the troops, both regulars and volunteers, who took part in the field-day to-day. The movements were intelligently performed, and the march past was steady and smart. His Royal Highness has also been gratified to learn that the conduct of the volunteers, as heretofore, has been good and soldierlike during their stay in Dover. His Royal Highness was glad to see a troop of the East Kent Yeomanry Cavalry taking part in the field-day, well mounted and well turned out. His Royal Highness considers that the day was in every way satisfactory, and that credit for this is due to the admirable arrangements made by the general officer commanding the district, and to the efficient manner in which these arrangements were carried out by the staff and other officers employed."

One of the chief features of the Easter manœuvres was the combined naval and military assault upon Portsmouth, which was (according to a naval correspondent with the "enemy") successful beyond anticipation. The decision of the umpires, however, has not yet been given. The attacking force embarked at eight o'clock, under the direction of Lieuts. T. B. Adair, H. H. Campbell, and S. Fremantle. The Royal Marine Artillery and Royal Marine Light Infantry, forming a brigade about 1600 strong, under the command of Col. Grease, were all embarked in half-an-hour. The flotilla, which was supposed to be that of "the enemy," was not large, but it was understood to represent at least fifty gun-boats, 100 torpedo boats, and a proper of tugs and barges. As a matter of fact there were two gun-boats, the Mastiff and the Blazer, two torpedoboats, No. 41 and No. 82, and two armed tugs, the Manley and the Falcon. The Mastiff had on board sixteen men of the Royal Naval Artillery Volunteers, and ten lads from the St. Vincent, under Lieut. Stephen. The Blazer had twenty-four men of the same corps under Lieut. Knight. Lieut. Smythie had eight men on the Falcon and Lieut. Hoare-eight on the Manly. During these preliminary operations the gale, which had prevailed during the night increased in fury, and the snow showers were of a blinding character part of the brigade attacked Fort Cumberland with great vigour, and placing a dummy charge of gun-cotton against the gate of the fort claimed to have destroyed it. Thereupon, the marines entered with a rush and took possession. The rear of the attackers being thus made safe, the flotilla began a heavy fusillade on the luckless corps, which, with four guns, had taken possession of the platoon at Great Salterns, on the shore near Hilsea lines, and then conveyed the brigade towards Havant. Col. Grease then landed a portion of his troops under cover of the fire of the flotilla, and in a rapid march drove the defenders out of Bedhampton and on to Belmont Castle, where there were some improvised earthworks with heavy guns. This position was quickly stormed and captured. Meantime the second brigade of the attacking force, under Col. Sterling, occupied the attention of the defenders north of Portsdown Hill, so that the fighting was in progress from Purbrook to the Hilsea lines, the defenders crossing the bridge at Hilsea Gate and the pontoon bridge near the railway which had been thrown across the moat by the Royal Engineers. The Surrey Brigade, under Col. Hamilton, was entrusted with the defence of the tract of country adjacent to the race-course, but were compelled to retreat in face of the superior force of Royal Marines, which swept everything before them till they came to the Waterworks near Farlington. Here a stand was made, and the attacker had to bring up his supports, but at last the heliograph signalled to the fleet that the Waterworks were taken, Portsmouth being thus supposed to be deprived of its water supply. It was now one o'clock and the marines were ordered to disembark, and land at any given spot, but their comrades ashore had carried everything before them. However, they had orders to land, and did so after a smart fight with the local artillery corps.

The third and final fight of the volunteers marching on Brighton took place on Monday, 30th ult, at Palmer Downs. In conjunction with the local corps, the three corps of London Engineers formed the attacking force, under Col. Salmond, while the defenders were composed of local volunteers under Colonel Bristowe. While the battle was in progress the Inniskilling Dragoons, by means of a well-contrived manœuvre, made a complete detour and suddenly charged upon the hapless Londoners in a manner, the *Morning Post* correspondent says, which in time of war would have put half-a-dozen companies to the sword in real battle. This entirely changed the fortune of battle, and, after the contest had raged hotly for fifty minutes, the "cease fire" sounded. The chief umpire Gen. Richards, in giving his decision on the fight, said that the invaders would not have been driven out. They were in well-covered ground, and the attack would have had to come over ground which was much more favourable to rifle fire than the ground they charged over on Saturday. The troops returned to Brighton, where the march-past took place on the Old Steine, in the presence of an enormous gathering.

ADMIRAL SYMONDS ON THE NAVY.

ADMIRAL of the Fleet Sir Thomas Symonds sends to the *Globe* the following observations on the use of the word "obsolete" as applied to the ships in our navy:—"The definition of the word 'obsolete' in Johnson's Dictionary," he says, "is worn out of use, disused, unfashionable." In a naval point of view it means, an almost indescribable state of unserviceableness. The foundering of and loss of the Sultan, Vanguard, Re d'Italia, Grosser Kurfurst, Oregon, &c., prove what the absence of one modern, essential fitting can cause. The absence of the following absolutely necessary modern fittings, or any of them, constitute an "obsolete warship," because all modern warships of every navy are necessarily so fitted, now and since 1880.

(1) Proper small compartments are perhaps the most vital necessity, by bulkheads across, fore and aft, and sufficiently high, in each warship.

(2) Modern steam engines are a necessity. The old ones are very heavy and extravagant in the consumption of fuel, giving little speed comparatively, being single, and having only one screw, so that the compartments cannot be satisfactorily fitted on the rudder, &c.

(3) Owing to great want of modern speed, "obsolete" vessels cannot be used in combination with modern without incurring fatal sacrifices.

(4) Rudders and all the steering gear are wofully exposed to gun-fire destruction, which in battle might be fatal. In all wooden vessels of war the rudders, &c., are kept under water, as safely as possible.

(5) The armour of the "obsolete" vessels is soft iron, and so thin as to be incomparable in battle with the modern armour.

(6) The armament of "obsolete" vessels is mostly utterly "obsolete."

It is the habit of officials to say that foreign ships are equally "obsolete." That may be true; but—to the French, for instance—a navy is hardly necessary, while our very existence depends on the navy. I have before me an Admiralty return, dated May, 1881, in which the following twelve vessels are returned as "obsolete English armoured ships." Of these the following remain on our list Parliamentary Return (No. 90, March 16, 1889,), viz.:—Northumberland, Minotaur, Agincourt, Achilles, Black Prince, Bellerophon, Penelope, Prince Albert, Wivern, Scorpion, Viper, Vixen. If these were "obsolete" by Admiralty Return in 1881, how much more "obsolete" must they be in 1891. The following are "obsolete," as they are all wrong, being without the modern fitments referred to in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 above—viz., Neptune, Temeraire, Alexandra, Superb, Sultan, Hercules, Swiftsure, Triumph, Audaoious, Invincible, Iron Duke, Monarch, Hotspur, Rupert, Belleisle, Orion, Glatton, Cyclop, Hecate, Hydra, Gorgon, Magicula, Abyssinia, Nelson, Northampton, Shannon; grand total, thirty-eight vessels. Some few of them are not wanting in all modern fittings; leaving thirty-nine, including nine armoured cruisers of slow speed in a seaway, and of very small coal endurance. Thus we have only thirty battle-ships out of seventy-seven so-called battle-ships. And of these thirty, eight are partly "obsolete," being of slow speed, imperfect in armour, of "obsolete" armament partly, and impossible to be used advantageously in combination with modern battle-ships. Such are the Inflexible, Dreadnough, Edinburgh, Colossus, Thunder Devastation, Ajax, and Agamemnon. There remain then only twelve really mordern battle-ships, viz, Trafalgar, Nile Rodney, Benbow, Anson, Howe, Collingwood, Victoria, Sanspareil, and Camperdown, first-class; also the Conquerr and Hero, second-class. Besides the above, eight first-class battle-ships and two second are to be ready in 1894. This is a truly perlious state of things. And the state of the cruisers is even worse as to numbers, size, speed, and coal endurance.

FIFTY French torpedo-boats, which have just been completed, have found, when tested, to be perfectly useless. Their total cost was 8,750,000fr. By Admiral Aube's order an attempt was made to alter two of the boats in the dock-yards of the Loire (St. Denis). The alterations have cost a further sum of 60,000fr. The fiasco has caused much comment in French naval circles.

CANADA, NEWFOUNDLAND, AND THE UNITED STATES.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER, the Canadian High Commissioner, left Ottawa for Washington on April 1. The Ministers are reticent as to the object of his mission; but it is understood that the visit is the outcome of a request of Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Minister, that he might be informed of the nature of Canada's proposals for reciprocal trade with the United States. The conference, it is stated, will be of a purely informal character. No date has been fixed for a meeting with Mr. Blaine, owing to the latter's illness. Sir Charles Tupper will, it is stated, not return to Ottawa, but will proceed to England via New York. His return to England, it is said, is consequent upon the Newfoundland difficulty and the necessity for Canada to have a representative in London during the visit of the Newfoundland deputation.

The despatches of Lord Knutsford and the Correspondence between Lord Salisbury and Sir Julian Pauncefote, British Minister at Washington, in reference to the reciprocity treaty between Newfoundland and the United States, have been laid on the table of the newfoundland House of Assembly. According to a telegram from St John's, they completely exonerate the British Government from the charges of duplicity and treachery brought against the Imperial authorities, and show that the House was misled when passing its condemnatory resolution by wrong statements as to the nature of the convention and the mission of Mr. Bond, who negotiated the treaty at Washington. It is expected that the matter will lead to heated discussions.

In view of the prospective negotiations for a settlement of the French shore difficulty in Newfoundland, the Canadian press (the native correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs) is urging that the time is opportune for Great Britain to acquire the French islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. At the present time French occupation of the islands is a source of irritation to Canada, whisky smugglers using them as a rendezvous.

The Supreme Court of Newfoundland has given leave, to appeal to the Privy Council in the action which was recently decided against Sir Baldwin Walker for closing the lobster factories owned by Mr. Baird.

The delegates from Newfoundland were to leave for this country on April 6. At a public meeting at St. John's on Saturday, a resolution was passed declaring that no agreement by the Imperial Government would be assented to except on the basis of the termination of the French Treaty rights, which were inconsistent with the development of the colony.

THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY (LIMITED).

The Annual General Meeting of this Society was held on March 31 in Westminster Town-hall, the Hon. R. W. Grosvenor in the chair. The report of the directors stated that the business for the year ended Jan. 31 last had been £2,727,819, which was increased by miscellaneous revenue to £2,733,371, being an increase of £77,015 over the amount shown in the previous year. The gross profits from the trading, manufacturing, and miscellaneous accounts amounted to £291,942, and there was a net profit of £104,236, which was increased by the amount brought forward to £110,236. Deducting the amount paid for interim dividend, interest on bonus, and the employes provident fund, a balance of £108,812 remained. They recommended a dividend for the half-year of 5 per cent. per annum, interest on the deferred bonus, account for the same period at 5 per cent. per annum, the transfer of £10,000 to the contingencies fund, and the payment of a bonus in cash of £1 a share. The amount to be carried forward would be £15,822. The chairman, in moving the adoption of the report, congratulated them on the continued prosperity of the society. The Plymouth agency, to which he referred at the last meeting, had proved a complete success; and a depot has also been established at Bombay. They had a good many shareholders in India, and they had always done a good deal of business there. The "

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YOU cannot overstate its great value in keeping the BLOOD PURE; as a means of keeping the system clear, and thus taking away the groundwork of Malarious Diseases, BLOOD POISONS, and all Liver Complaints, or as a HEALTH-GIVING, REFRESHING, COOLING, and INVIGORATING BEVERAGE, or as a gentle Laxative or Tonic in the various forms of Indigestion ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is invaluable.

IT IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Biliousness.	Sick Headache.	Unnatural Excitement.
Mental Depression.	Giddiness.	Errors in Diet.
Skin Eruptions.	Liver Derangements.	Thirst, &c.
Constipation.	Feverishness.	Impure Blood.

A SPARKLING AND REFRESHING DRAUGHT.—Notwithstanding its medicinal value, the "FRUIT SALT" must be looked upon as essential as breathing fresh air, or as a simple and safe beverage under ALL CIRCUMSTANCES, and may be taken as a sparkling and refreshing draught in the same way as Lemonade, Soda Water, Potass Water, &c., only it is much cheaper and BETTER, IN EVERY SENSE OF THE TERM, TO AN UNLIMITED EXTENT.

HEALTHY BILE.—When the liver is not making healthy bile, or insufficient quantity, the blood becomes impure—the groundwork of disease, and produces constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, headache, &c. ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is the best remedy.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" *versus* BRANDY.—"There were a few attacks of mild dysentery, brought mainly on by ill-considered devotion to brandy, or biliousness produced by the same cause. For the latter we used ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' which is simply invaluable."—*Coral Lands*, Vol. I.

HOT COUNTRIES.—ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, &c.—"I have personally used ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' and know it not alone to be excellent, but really invaluable. Especially must this be the case in the hot countries of the East, where Acidity of the Stomach, Biliousness, and Fevers are so common."—J. M. PEEBLES, M.D., Author of *Around the World, Travels in Polynesia, China, India, Arabia, Egypt, &c., &c.*

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS.—"A new invention is brought before the public, and commands success. A score of *abominable imitations* are immediately introduced by the unscrupulous, who, in copying the original closely enough to deceive the public, and yet not so exactly as to infringe upon legal rights, exercise an ingenuity that, employed in an original channel, could not fail to secure reputation and profit."—ADAMS.

CAUTION.—*Legal Rights are protected in every civilised country. Examine each bottle and see that the Capsule is marked ENO'S "FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a* WORTHLESS IMITATION. *Sold by all Chemists, &c. Prepared only at*

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, Pomeroy St., London, S.E., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

JOHN HERRING & SONS.

Manufacturers of every description of

LIGHT AND HEAVY EDGE TOOLS,

Electro Boracic Joiners' Tools, Tools, Augers, Saws, Files, &c., &c.

Indentors requiring reliable Tools of best Sheffield make should specify in their Indents that the Goods must bear this Trade Mark.

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The "Union" brand is guaranteed to stand 400 lbs. pressure per square inch.

Made specially from long Irish Flax for the use of Fire Brigades, Mills, Railways, Ships, &c., and for use in tropical climates.

It has the largest sale of any hose in the world.

Extensively used by various Departments in H. M.'s Government.

None Genuine unless stamped with Registered Mark.

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"The Real Cup o' Kindness."

A perfect blending of the Choicest Brands of the Highest Classes of fine Old Whiskies in their Native Purity, as produced in Scotland, absolutely untampered with.

MATURED IN SHERRY CASKS. TWELVE YEARS OLD AGE POSITIVELY GUARANTEED.

A LUXURY IN PURE SCOTCH WHISKIES.

The letters B.O.S. are the Name, Brand, and Registered Trade Mark of this matchless Old Scotch Whisky.

B.O.S.

BLENDED OLD SCOTCH

12 Years Old *** (*Gold Capsule.*)

8 Years Old ** (*Blue Capsule.*)

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An exquisite blending, possessing a flavour so rare, a character so novel and so entirely its own, that it may fairly claim the very first place among high-class Whiskies. Clever judges pronounce it *unique & unrivalled*. B.O.S. is remarkable for its "delicious individuality of flavour," mellowness and softness on the palate—"A very nectar" in marked contrast to ordinary blended Whiskies, which are more or less dominated by one or other of the Whiskies used in blending.

☞ *B.O.S. is sold in square white Bottles, labelled and capsuled, the age being notified by a small label on each Bottle.*

The proprietors are skilled blenders of Scotch Whiskies, but in all the experience of their Firm, extending nearly over the present century, they have never been able to accomplish anything so fully complying with the most exacting tests, as is now presented in this special blend of B.O.S.

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English Branch—ARLINGTON, DURHAM. Established 1808.

GOLD PRIZE-MEDAL, NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

COD LIVER EXTRACT WINE & SUGAR-PILLS

PREPARED BY

VIVIEN of PARIS

VERY AGREEABLE TO TAKE

WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST NAUSEATING TASTE

AND CONTAINING ALL THE ACTIVE MEDICINAL PROPERTIES EXISTANT IN COD LIVER OIL.

THE PREPARATIONS ARE LARGELY USED IN PRIVATE PRACTICE AND IN THE HOSPITALS IN ENGLAND, FRANCE, PORTUGAL, SPAIN, BRAZIL, MEXICO, AUSTRALIA, etc.

One tablespoonful of wine, or two sugar-pills, are equal to one tablespoonful of the best Cod Liver Oil

Each bottle of the genuine D. VIVIEN'S *WINE bears on the neck the stamps of the* "Union des Fabricants".

Sold by all chemists

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Perfected in One Operation by the process invented by Möller in 1852, Incomparable, Palatable, Perfect, Pure,

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Do not be induced to accept any other ONLY Möller's ever took 20 Prizes.

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Be sure you have *NEW* oil!

EVERY BOTTLE OF RECENT PRODUCTION HAS THE DATE PERFORATED ON BOTH LABELS.

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COOLING! INVIGORATING! REFRESHING!

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MR. SIMS REEVES says:—"This preparation is a great boon, simple, refreshing, and efficacious."

Prevents and Cures Indigestion, &c. Purifies the Blood. A Natural Tonic and most pleasant Drink.

MADAME MARIE ROZE (*the renowned Singer*) says:—"I have used your EFFERVESCENT POTASH with remarkable results. It is really wonderful."

It Purifies the Blood and Preserves the Bloom of Youth.

If you need a pleasant drink,
I have found it, and I think,
Nay I know and do not doubt,
One I cannot do without.

When the system is upset,
"ABBEY'S POTASH" you must get;
Heartburn, Headache, both of these;
Why it cures at once with ease.

Indigestion, and such ills,
It relieves far more than pills;
Acidity, if you are wise,
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Thirst and fever when they stay,
"ABBEY'S POWDER" drives away;
Rheumatism too will fly,
If this antidote you try.

I am a doctor, and can tell
What does me good and makes me well
So now I strongly recommend,
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And then, no doubt, you will declare,
That benefits like these you share,
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Guaranteed to keep Fresh in any Climate.

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ALLSOPP'S LIGHT PALE ALE is specially brewed to meet the public taste for light beers.

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PURE, MILD and MELLOW.

DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.

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Purchasers should see that the Label on every bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE bears the Signature, thus:—

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Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

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BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE-AND-CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER, Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.

It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.

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HARNESS COMPOSITION.

For Nourishing the Leather and producing a Brilliant Polish

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LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

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"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

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"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

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HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY

Special Blend of the Finest Campbeltown, Islay, and Blended Glenlivets.

Two Grades { Black Label, Very Old. White Special Reserve, Extra Old-

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SADDLE PASTE (Waterproof).	JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.
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Black, Light and Dark Brown.

Assorted Perfumes.

Glycerine Tooth-Paste.

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PRICKLY "THYMOLITE" POWDER, Re. 1 per box. ROS ALPINUS, Re. 1 per bottle. PELICULINE, Re. 1-4 per box. COAL TAR SOAP. As. 12 per packet of 3 cakes. All invaluable aids to the relief and cure of this IRRITATION. KEMP & Co., LIMITED, BOMBAY. HEAT

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FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

For Mothers, Invalids, Dyspeptics and Aged People.

THE ONLY FOOD that digests as evenly as human milk, and agrees with all infants and children.

THE ONLY FOOD that nourishes the child without the addition of cow's milk.

THE ONLY FOOD that removes from infancy all necessity, danger and annoyance of wet and sour.

IF TAKEN BY MOTHERS once or twice a day the quantity of milk will be increased and quality at once improved.

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ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

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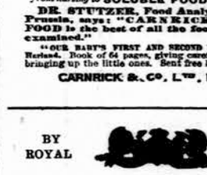

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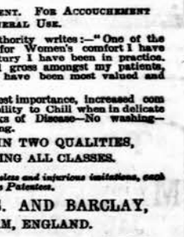

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FOR LONG WALKS.

HYGEIA BOOTS, (*Registered*) with specially adapted Soles, Heels, Materials, and Form.

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Fully described in New Catalogue. Every Order *accompanied by remittance for the prices nett*, will be sent POST PAID, and, if possible, despatched by the first mail after its receipt.

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A worn Boot or Shoe is the best possible guide for the size, and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.

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The unfailing specific FOR CURE OF & Rheumatism

THE LIQUOR to be used in acute state & THE PILLS in the Chronical state.

« A single bottle sufficient for two, » « to three months treatment. »

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"It is an agreeable and doubtless highly efficacious remedy." (THE LANCET.)

This *Vinous-Elixir* is the most powerful and valuable of the preparations of cinchona as a strengthening and antifebrile restorative.

Been employed in cases of weakness and general debility, loss of appetite, change of life, fever nervousness, exhaustion, etc.

Also prepared with IRON *Dyspepsia*, purifying the Blood, for *Anemia*, *Chlorosis*, for *Scrofulous Affections*. etc.

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"FALIÈRES' PHOSPHATINE"

A most agreeable food and of easy digestion

Invaluable for infants, particularly at the time of weaning

Facilitates dentition.

Insures the proper formation of bones and combats the defects of growth

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NERVOUS MALADIES

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FALIÈRES' Granulated Bromide of Potassium

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With each Bottle is enclosed a spoon measure of 8 grains, the patient may thus himself prepare the solution as required, according to the prescription of the physician.

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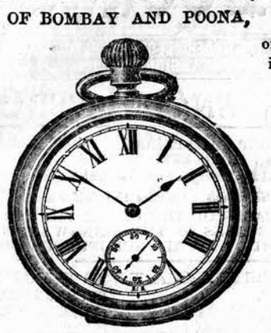

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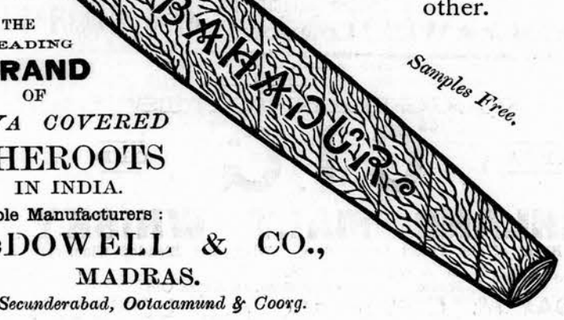

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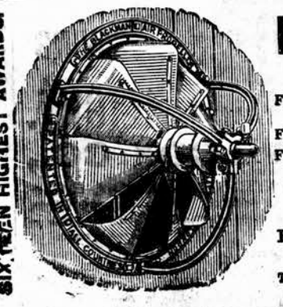

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